

INSURANCE

Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1922

VOL. XXII NO 156

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JULY 3, 1934



TWELVE PAGES

INSURANCE

SWADESHI INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

Blood Bath In Germany Not Over Yet

MORE EXECUTIONS THIS WEEK



Herr VON POPEN, Vice-Chancellor of the Reich, who awaits his fate at the hands of Hitler.

"Hail Hitler, Saviour Of The Fatherland"

VON HINDENBURG SENDS GREETINGS

Nazi Sleuth Hounds Let Loose To Hunt Down "Rebels"

BERLIN, July 2.

More executions of rebels are expected during the week.

Altogether 200 Storm-troop Leaders are under arrest throughout the country. They will probably be tried summarily by the party court-martial.

Among the ten shot yesterday are believed to be Alvensleben, a friend of Herr Von Papen and Bose, Von Papen's Secretary.

Herr Hitler is entirely engrossed in putting finishing touches to the purging process.



Gen. BLOMBERG, Minister of Defence, who has saved Germany for Hitler.

NAZI SLEUTH HOUNDS LET LOOSE

BERLIN, July 2.

The official announcement that repressive action against the rebels has ended applies to the populace only because the secret police are exceedingly active.

All roads leading to the ports are closely watched and motor cars are searched. Not a single vessel in port is likely to be the refuge for the rebels who have escaped from the police.

SITUATION**WELL IN HAND**

Drastic Action Has Ended, Says Goering

BERLIN, July 2.

Drastic action against revolutionaries has now ended according to a statement by Gen. Goering.

The situation is quiet in Berlin and Munich and no one expects further untoward events. At present Herr Hitler is in Berlin and has the situation well in hand. Herr Von Papen remains at home and is not allowed to leave it.—Reuter.

INSEIN JAIL SENSATION

Several Officials Attacked And Injured At Parade

RANGOON, July 2.

While a parade was being held this morning in Insein jail, several prisoners armed with jail-made knives attacked a number of jail officials as a result of which the chief jailor received a slight stab wound in the neck, while the Deputy Superintendent and the Chief Warder were also injured.

Several prisoners sustained injuries. There was no indication that there was a general plot. An official enquiry is being held and the situation has been restored to normal.

The cause of the disturbance is not known.—A. P.

MACDONALD TO

SAIL ON JULY 12.

Canada Programme Not Settled Yet

LONDON, July 2.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald sails for Canada on July 12 by the liner, "Duchess of Richmond," accompanied by his daughter. No programme of his movement in Canada is settled.—Reuter.

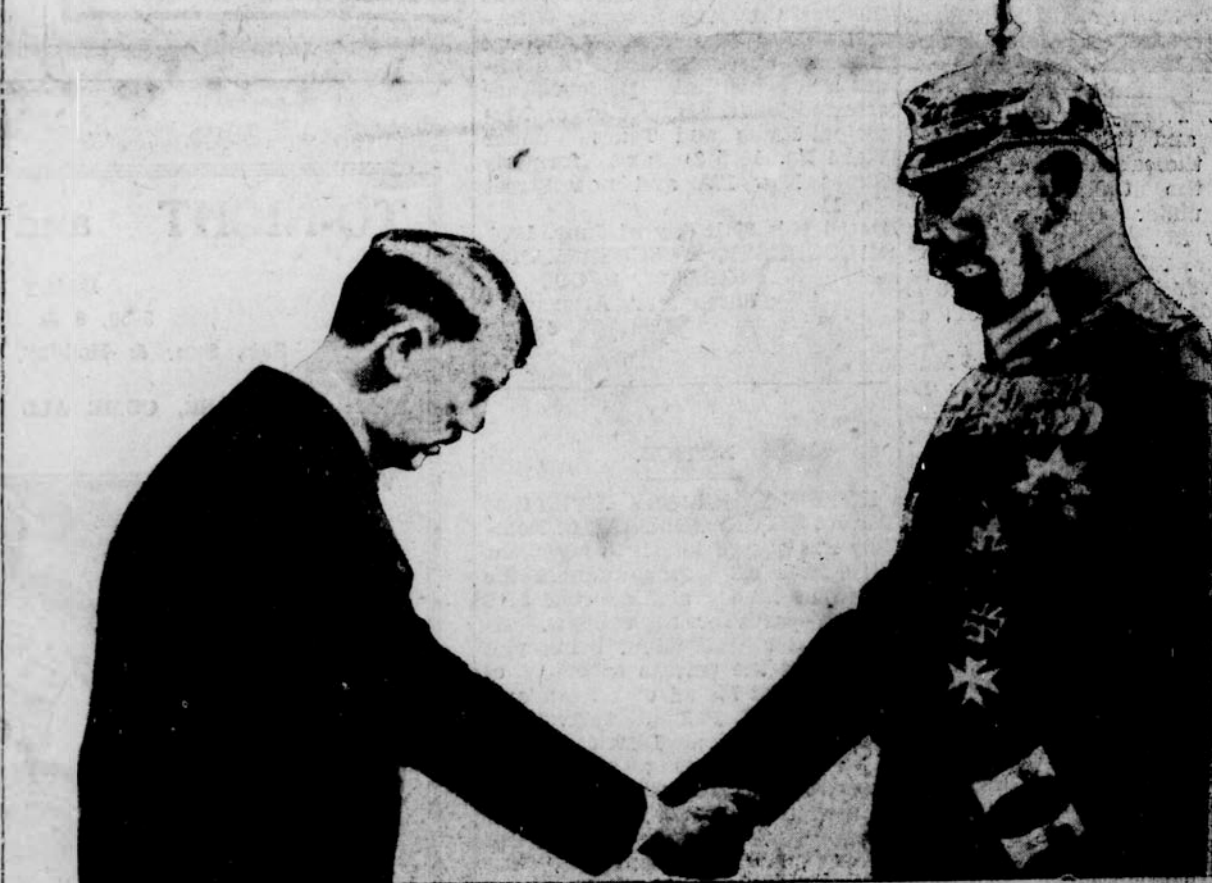
BIHAR POLITICALS FOR ANDAMANS

(From Our Correspondent) PATNA, July 2.

Three political prisoners of Bihar, including Suraj Nath Chaudhary who, it is stated was involved in several conspiracy cases, are transported to Andamans.

Suraj Nath Chaudhary's father, learning the news of his son's transportation, went to Calcutta and was granted an interview. Suraj Nath looked cheerful and healthy.

Hyderabad (Dn.), July 2.—Raja Bahadur Justice Bisweshwar Nath High Court Judge and member of the Legislative Council, has introduced in the Council a draft bill for the registration of societies for literary, scientific and charitable purposes.—United Press.



President VON HINDENBURG greets HERR HITLER as Saviour of the Fatherland, and has thus falsified Paris speculations about his resignation.

Von Hindenburg has telegraphed to Herr Hitler and Dr. Goering from Neudeck thanking him for the week-end action. The highly eulogistic telegram says:—

"By your determined action and personal courage you have nipped in the bud all dangerous intrigues. You have saved the German people from serious danger. I thank you most heartily and express to you my sincere appreciation."

BHATTACHARJEE EXECUTED

Accused In Itakhola Mail Robbery Case

SYLHET, July 2.

Ashtiranj Bhattacharjee who was condemned to death in connection with the Itakhola Mail Robbery Case was executed this morning in the Sylhet Jail.

The dead body was not handed over to his relatives for cremation. Elaborate Police precautions were taken to prevent demonstrations.—United Press.

SNAKE IN JAWAHAR'S PRISON CELL

Miraculous Escape From Being Bitten By Poisonous Reptile

ALLAHABAD, July 2.

The "United Press" understands that Pandit Jawahar Nehru has lost two more pounds in weight, his total loss since his imprisonment being 10 lbs.

Recently Panditji was saved from snake-bite miraculously in his cell in Dehra Dun Jail when a poisonous snake appeared there.—United Press.

JAIRAMDAS RELEASED

Will Immediately Resume Duties Of Secretary Of Congress

HYDERABAD (Sind) July 2.

Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram, General Secretary of the Congress, was released to-day, five days before the expiry of his term of imprisonment. He looks cheerful.

Asked by the "United Press" representative as to his future programme Mr. Jairamdas said that he was resuming duties as one of the Congress General Secretaries and was in that connection he was putting himself in touch with the Acting President, Mahatmaji, and Dr. Sayed Mahmud, his Co-General Secretary.

All that he could say at present was that he intended to concentrate his attention on the constructive programme of the Congress, but will fix up his future programme after Mahatma Gandhi's visit to Sind.—United Press.

Police Protection For Mahatma

Karachi Plans To Ensure Personal Safety Of Gandhiji

2 MEN AS BODY-GUARDS

KARACHI, July 2.

Discussing plans in connection with Mahatma Gandhi's forthcoming visit here, a high police official said that the police were taking precautionary measures to ensure Mahatma Gandhi's safety.

VIGILANT EYE

Plain clothes policemen would be detailed to keep a vigilant eye at all public places which Gandhiji was likely to visit in Karachi.

A strict watch would also be kept on incoming trains, and suspicious looking Sanatanists would be subjected to surveillance.

BODY GUARDS

Two policemen would be on duty with Gandhiji during the latter's stay here.—A. P.

Why Welcome Me If I Am Defeated?

(From Our Correspondent).

BHAVNAGAR, July 2.

Yesterday several questions were put to Gandhiji when he met the youths of Kathiawar in the morning, immediately after his arrival here from Ahmedabad.

Gandhiji was asked as to why he did not put up with the Harijans. He replied that he was absolutely in the hands of the Reception Committee who made arrangements for his residence. Moreover he had to change hearts of the caste Hindus and therefore would like to put up with caste Hindus.

Replying to other questions Gandhiji said that he had already established institutions wherein youths could work, but it was not his fault if they allowed themselves to die and that Kathiawadi youths merely wanted to talk and did not want to do serious work. If they are not satisfied with his programme of khadi and untouch-

ability he said they could better start new programmes and new institutions. I want to fight non-violent battle. If you are interested you work with me or else find out new programme for yourself.

NO DEFEAT FOR HIM.

In answer to other questions Gandhiji said, he never believed that he was defeated in his fight. Have they ever heard a defeated man being welcomed in such a way and travelling at this old age for Harijan work with such zeal.

Regarding removal of forced labour in the state Gandhiji said that they themselves practised forced labour in their homes and on Harijans and after removing these they should try to remove the same in the state.

Continuing Gandhiji said that he wanted to do away with all the evils of the states by mixing with the people and changing their hearts.

ASSEMBLY ELECTIONS

Satyamurti Opens Congress Campaign In Madras

MADRAS, July 2.

The Congress was not a party; it was identical with the Nation, said Mr. S. Satyamurti speaking at a public meeting formally inaugurating the Congress election campaign shortly after his arrival from Bombay after two months' tour in connection with Congress Parliamentary work in Northern India.

He promised that the Constituent Assembly to settle India's constitution, including a satisfactory solution of the communal question will become a live issue with the Congress success in the elections.

Mr. Satyamurti will shortly start with Mr. Bulabhai Desai and Mr. Rajagopalachariar on Congress Parliamentary work in the Southern districts.—A. P.

IN AID OF JOBLESS

National Pilgrimage To Cathedrals Opens In Britain

RUGBY, July 2.

The national pilgrimage to cathedrals in Britain which has been arranged to raise funds for relief of unemployed, was opened yesterday. Special interests

is added by the their grand added by the opening by the King and Queen who were accompanied by their grand daughter, Princess Elizabeth, who is taking great interest in the tour. The pilgrimage is to continue for a fortnight and more than 50 cathedrals will be visited.—B. O. W.

Jap. Cabinet To Resign To-day

SEQUEL TO REPORT ON RAYON SHARE SCANDAL

TOKIO, July 2.

It is expected that the Saito Cabinet will resign to-morrow after receiving the Minister of Justice's report on the share deal scandal which, it is believed, will indicate that some ex-Ministers and one of the present Cabinet Ministers are strongly suspected of bribery. The Emperor probably will consult the Prince Saito, regarding Saito's successor.

The Vice-Minister of Finance, Kuroda, is already involved in the scandal, which related to the Rayon share deals, wherein highly-placed persons were accused of bearing shares before buying them. The shares then rose from 40 to 150 yen.—Reuter.

URDU PAPER APOLOGISES

HYDERABAD (Dn.) July 2.

The "Saheefa" a local Urdu daily, had bitterly attacked Begum Shah Nawaz, Begum Alam and other Muslim ladies for their temerity in standing for elections to the Legislative Assembly.

The Political Department took strong exception to the language in which the attack was couched and the paper has staged a climb-down, tendering an unconditional apology.—United Press.

PUNITIVE POLICE IN BIHAR VILLAGE

Hoare's Answer To Question In Commons

LONDON, July 2.

In the House of Commons replying to the Duchess of Atholl, Sir Samuel Hoare said, that no police officers had retired on proportionate pension since January 1, although one Superintendent has applied for permission to retire in 1936. He added that no difficulty is anticipated in adequately filling the vacancy.

Replying to Captain Cazalet, Sir Samuel Hoare rejected the suggestion that there has been a falling off in police recruits. He declared that both in numbers and the quality of recruits for the last two years have been excellent.

Mr. David Grenfell urged the removal of the cost of additional police in the village of Barhaia in Monghyr Dist., which charged the inhabitants because the Congress is no longer an illegal body.

Sir Samuel Hoare replied that the additional police was posted in the village as a result of the subversive activities of the villagers despite several warnings. He left the question of the removal of the police to the discretion of the Provincial Government.

As regards the stocks of quinine replying to the Duchess of Atholl, Sir Samuel Hoare said that the reserve has been reduced from 3,00,000 pounds to approximately 1,50,000, which is regarded as sufficient. The Government of India are doing their best to increase the sales.—Reuter.

Okha Port News

OKHA PORT, July 2.

The Port Officer, Okha Port, wires:—

S.S. Nirvana of British India Steam Navigation Company arrived here on the 27th proximo, discharging 355 tons of General cargo from Calcutta and left on 28th proximo. S.S. Cape Saint Andrew of Saint Line, arrived here on the 30th proximo for loading 4,300 tons of salt.—A. P.

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under: "Box No.—The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted A Graduate Teacher, able to teach English and Gujarati in the higher standards. Apply stating qualifications, experience and terms to the Educational Superintendent, Dharampur (Dist. Surat), (8599).

Wanted—A Stores Clerk with B.Sc. in Chemistry. Grade for 2nd Class Rs. 50-5-80. For 1st Class Rs. 60-0-0. For 3 years, then Grade —5-30. Knowledge of Gujarati essential. Please apply to the Manager, The Asarwa Mills, Ahmedabad. (8600).

Wanted teacher able to teach Science and Gujarathi (Matriculation Class). Apply: Principal, Popular High School, Thakurdwar. (2660)

16. SITUATIONS WANTED.

Wanted—Post by a European Experienced Child's Nurse. Excellent references. Please reply Box No. 146, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—Post by well-educated Young, domiciled European Gentleman, proficient in sketch-drawing. Please reply Box No. 147, "Bombay Chronicle".

29. PLOTS & PREMISES WANTED

Wanted a large plot of vacant land near Malad and Kandivli on lease for a factory. Please write with particulars and rent to Box No. 126, "Bombay Chronicle".

31. MOTORCARS FOR SALE

For Sale—Chevrolet Tourer 1932 Model Excellent condition Rs. 2400 or near offer. No brokers. Box No. 145, "Bombay Chronicle".

32. MOTORCARS WANTED.

Wanted—Chevrolet or Ford 1930-32 Model. Write with particulars and lowest terms to Box No. 144, "Bombay Chronicle".

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Wireless Operators Course, for service in steamers and shore stations, also Telegraphy for employment in Railways and Government. Efficient training and success guaranteed. All past students employed. New Sessions commencing. Apply sharp G. G. Cooke, Principal, College of Wireless and Commerce. (Govt. Affiliated), 212, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta. (2615).

58. BOOKS AND PERIODICALS.

Now again available *Sinha & Bose's History of Prostitution in India*, Vol. 1. Price Rs. 4/8 per Vol. Bengal Social Hygiene Association, P22A, Manicktolla, Spur, Calcutta. (2589).

68. PARTNERSHIPS

Wanted a sleeping partner to run a Hindu Restaurant in Fort locality with a regular income. Must invest Rs. 3,000. Please reply Box No. 127, "Bombay Chronicle".

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans advanced on property. No Brokers. Apply to Box No. 2557, "Bombay Chronicle".

73. AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition, particularly at the following places:

Balsar Broach Baroda
Borivli Bhusaval Dahod
Deolali Dhond Daman
Dhanu Road Golvad Karjat
Kasara Lonavla Manmad
Matheran Neral Navsari
Nasik Sholapur Virar
Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkar, Sd Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezvada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock Arvi, Ellichpur, Hingangnat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow, Sangli, Satara. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle", Co., Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

103. LIVE STOCK

Jersey Black Giants are laying wonderfully enormous sized eggs. A trio arrived from England just last December is offered at a great sacrifice. Other Breeds of English and American Poultry also going at greatly reduced prices on account of off season. Leghorns, Minorcas, Australorps, Rhode Island Reds, Barred Plymouth Rocks and beautiful little Bantam fowls are fully described in our Clearance Circular. Send to-day for a Free copy. The Asian Poultry Farm, No. 11, Connaught Road, Poona.

124. FRUITS & VEGETABLES.

Ask for Grafts Catalogue—Matchless Langra Mangoes and other varieties 100 Rs. 7. Price advance. Maharaja Orchard, Darbhanga. (2639).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

Per column inch Per Insertion.
1st Insertion Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

SEALED TENDERS on F-2 form will be received in the Office of the Undersigned upto 2 P.M. (S.T.) on MONDAY, the 23rd July, 1934, for "constructing a masonry bridge over the Patalganga river in mile 7/6 of the Pen Panvel Road, Kolaba District" estimated to cost about Rs. 2,70,000.

2. Blank tender forms with specifications can be had on payment of Rs. 3 on any working day during Office hours except on MONDAY, the 23rd July, 1934.

3. Each tender should be accompanied by a chalan for Rs. 5,400 as earnest money paid into any Government Treasury or the Imperial Bank of India, without which no tender will be considered.

4. The Superintending Engineer, Northern Circle, does not bind himself to accept any or the lowest tender and no reason for the acceptance or rejection of any tender will be given.

(Sd.) C. G. KALE,
Executive Engineer, T.D.
Thana, 23rd June, 1934. 8573

PHOTOGRAPHIC ENGINEER'S OFFICE
Baroda, dated the 30th June 34.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the annual supply of the following materials:

Schedule "A" Electrical materials.
Schedule "B" Telephone materials.
Schedule "C" Lubricating oils.
Schedule "D" Hardware including paints etc.
Schedule "E" Miscellaneous stores.

Tenders will be received on or before 1st August, 1934, before 18 hours.

Copies of conditions, specifications, schedules and particulars may be obtained upon application to the undersigned, on payment of a fee of Rs. 5 for each schedule.

BAGANVA BALAJI, M.I.E.E.,
Electrical Engineer.
Baroda State, BARODA 8601

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY.

The Inaugural Session of the Department will commence on the 4th August, 1934.

Applications for admission to the courses in Textile Chemistry or Chemical Engineering are invited from duly qualified students, who must possess the degree of B.Sc. of the University of Bombay at least in the second class with Chemistry as Principal and Physics as Subsidiary, or its equivalent.

The fees for either course have been fixed by the Syndicate at Rs. 125 per term for graduates of the University of Bombay and Rs. 200 per term for other students.

Applications must be made on the prescribed form and must reach the undersigned not later than the 16th July, 1934. A deposit of Rs. 50 must accompany each application, which will be retained as caution money on behalf of successful candidates or returned to unsuccessful candidates.

The University reserves the right to refuse admission.

Forms of application and particulars of the courses may be obtained from the undersigned.
R. B. FORSTER, A.R.C.Sc., I.,
Ph.D., D.Sc., F.I.C.,
Head of Department,
28th June, 1934. 8598

Public Notices

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a Sub-Overseer on permanent staff in the grade of Rs. 75-5-100 with Cycle Allowance Rs. 5 p.m. so as to reach the undersigned on or before 14th July, 1934.

The intending candidate must be a graduate in Engineering of Indian University and must have at least one year's experience. (Sd.) J. S. MALIK, I.S.E.,
Municipal Engineer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Municipal Office, Ahmedabad.
Dated 30th June, 1934. 8598.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HUSSEINBHAI ABDULLAHBOY LALJI has contracted with our clients for the absolute sale to them free from incumbrances of the undermentioned properties.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said properties by way of inheritance, mortgage, possession, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise whatsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 95, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claims and the same, if any, will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

The First Schedule.
ALL that piece or parcel of Foras land or ground (of which about fifteen thousand four hundred and thirty-eight square yards were formerly reserved for a Foras Tank) together with the buildings, mill premises and offices and shops standing and erected thereon together with the machinery, spare parts of the machinery fixtures and all moveable articles, goods and things lying on the premises situate on the south side of Falkland Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay in the Island of Bombay and containing by admeasurement Twenty thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight square yards or thereabouts and registered with the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 78, 441, 461; New No. 13576, 13981; Old Survey No. 101, 105, 106, 107, 118; New Survey No. 37020, 7018, 7033, 7034; Cadastral Survey No. 317 of Tardeo Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 'D' Ward Nos. 3708-(1), 3708-(2), 3708-(3), 3747, 3748-(1) and 3749-(1), 3748-(2) and 3749-(1)-A and Street Nos. 68, 6, 6B, Sleater Road; 177 to 185; 1-171, 1A, 177A; Tardeo Road and bounded as follows: that is to say, on the North by Falkland Road; on the South partly by the property of Kharshedji Dadabhai Dani and others and partly by the property of the Madhavji Dharamsey Manufacturing Co., Ltd., and partly by the property of the Vendor more particularly described in the second Schedule hereto; on the East by Sleater Road and on the West, partly by Tardeo Road, partly by the property of the Vendor described in the second Schedule hereto partly by the property of Madhavji Dharamsey Manufacturing Co., Ltd. and partly by the property of Kharshedji Dadabhai Dani and others.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE.
ALL that piece or parcel of Foras freehold land or ground held subject to the rights of the Fazandari tenants, therein situate to the East of Sleater Road, without the Fort in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 18285-8/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered with the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 7028, 7029, 7032, 7044 and Cadastral Survey Nos. 278, 279, 1279, 2729, 3279, 280, 281, 1281, 282 and 1282 of Tardeo Division and bounded as follows: that is to say on the North by the property of the Vendor described in the 1st Schedule hereto; on the South by Chikhalwadi Lane; on the East partly by the property of the Wallace Flour Mills, partly by the property of Pestonji Hormusji Seervai and others, partly by the property of Vitthaladas Thakurdas and partly by the property of the Vendor described in the 1st Schedule hereto and on the West by Sleater Road. Dated this 30th day of June, 1934.

KHANDWALA & CHHOTALAL,
Purchasers' Attorneys,
8599.

Public Notices

The Bombay Life Assurance Company, Limited.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from 9th JULY to 12th JULY, 1934, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
J. L. MEHTA,
Bombay, Manager.
Dated 2nd July, 1934. 8595

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client has contracted to purchase from DOSSIBAI HORMASJI FITTER the undermentioned property. All persons having any claims against the said property by way of mortgage, sale, inheritance, gift, lien, lease, charge, use, trust, or otherwise whatsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 95, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claims and the same, if any, will be considered to have been waived.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of Foras Freehold land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Parsi Wada First Lane, in Khetwadi, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one hundred and forty square yards or thereabouts and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 715 of Gigaum Division and along with the adjoining property registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 286, New No. 1975, Old Survey No. 2 and New Survey No. 27444 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by a sweepers passage, on or towards the West by the said Parsi Wada 1st Lane, Khetwadi, on or towards the South by the property of Hiralal Kharsedji Jhaver or Patel and on or towards the North by the property formerly of Chhabildas Lalubhai but now of Janmejaya Chhabildas and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward No. 1695(2) and formerly Street Nos. 17A and now Street No. 11.

Dated this 30th day of June, 1934.
MINOCHEHER MANCHERSHAH
HIRALAL & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys,
8596.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. RAMJI CHANNABHAI, of Bombay has agreed to sell to my client free from all incumbrances the piece of land, admeasuring 5118 square yards or thereabouts, situate near Kandivli, being plot No. 28 of the private scheme of the Khat of Malad of his lands in Kasbe Malad, Pakhad Belavdi, in Bombay Suburban District.

All persons having or claiming to have any right, title, interest or estate, in the said piece of land or any portion thereof by way of bequest, charge, easement, exchange, gift, inheritance, lease, lien, maintenance, mortgage, sale, share, trust, wahiwat or otherwise whatsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned, Advocate for the Purchaser, at his Office in "Vasani Niwas" Building, at Andheri in the Bombay Suburban District, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed at the expiry of the said period without reference to any such claim or claims, and the same, if any, will be deemed and considered to have been knowingly waived.

Dated at Andheri this 1st day of July, 1934.
GAJANAN SADASHIV PATIL,
B.A., LL.B.,
Advocate, High Court.
8594

Public Notices

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By order of the Board,
J. L. MEHTA,
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J. L. MEHTA,
Bombay, Manager.
Dated 2nd July, 1934. 8595

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from 9th JULY to 12th JULY, 1934, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
J. L. MEHTA,
Bombay, Manager.
Dated 2nd July, 1934. 8595

THE CARLTON

6-30 & 10 P.M.
BY SPECIAL REQUEST

FOR 4 DAYS ONLY!

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Hundreds Of Wild Animals
In Mortal Combat!
Thousands In The Cast!

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Argun	27th June	4th July
Brazil	9th July	18th "
Kasabo	13th "	23rd "
Celebee	24th "	8th Aug.
Taijin	29th "	
Honolulu	8th Aug.	22nd Aug.
Tamaboko	19th "	
Pacific	23rd "	8th Sept.

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The hilarious stage comedy brought to the silver screen
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First thing every morning put a drop of "VAPEX" on your handkerchief and breathe the germicidal vapour.
Of All Chemists.

For the First Time on Screen!
THE GREATEST MUSICAL SHOW with DAZZLING GIRLS!

GEORGE WHITE'S 1934

SCANDALS

AT
ROXY
NEXT SATURDAY

TREATMENT OF PYORRHOEA
(Diseased Condition of Teeth and Gums.) Without extraction of teeth—radical cure.
To cure Pyorrhoea, inflamed, sensitive, bleeding, receding or pus leaking gums (foul breath), to fix loose teeth and to regain natural whiteness over stained teeth. Write details of troubles. Full dose for complete and radical cure Rs. 5. Trial size Rs. 1-2.
Uttarpara Datta Bros.
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European Police Officer Arrested

Alleged To Have Driven Away After Knocking Down Cyclist

An extraordinary story of the alleged conduct of a European Police Officer failing to stop and render assistance to a man said to have been knocked down and injured by his car and failing to report the accident at the nearest Police Station, has come to light with the arrest of Inspector Watkins of the Bombay C.I.D. (C Foreign Branch) two days after the incident was reported to the Police.

The injured man was removed to the G. T. Hospital where he is still under treatment. The car number was noted when the Officer, is alleged to have driven away after the accident, and given to the Esplanade Police, who traced the owner of the car.

It is alleged that Inspector Watkins denied all knowledge of the accident when confronted with the complaint a few hours after the complaint was lodged. The Police pursued their inquiries and after two days arrested the Officer on two charges. The first is for rash and negligent driving and the second, for failing to report the accident at the Police Station.

The accident occurred on June 23 on Waudby Road near the Queen Victoria Statue. A cycle Peon of the Bombay Central Telegraph Office was returning to the Office along Waudby Road at about 10-30 a.m. when it is alleged a motor

car driven by a European knocked down the cyclist and drove away without stopping to see what had happened to the cyclist. Another Telegraph peon coming from the opposite direction noticed the accident and jotted down the number of the car.

With the help of the clerks working in an office near by the injured man was removed to the G. T. Hospital where he was detained for treatment.

A complaint was then lodged at the Esplanade Police Station and the number of the car was given to them. The Police, it is reported, made inquiries and in a very short while traced the owner of the car who was residing in the Esplanade Police Court Building. Inspector Watkins' car was then examined by the Officers of the Motor Vehicle Department. The car was also, it is alleged, identified by some of the witnesses who came forward to give evidence.

Inspector Watkins, it is alleged, denied that his car had been involved in an accident. After making further enquiries the Esplanade Police arrested Inspector Watkins on two charges and bailed him out.

The case will come up for hearing as soon as the complainant is well enough to come to Court.

It is stated that Inspector Watkins has been suffering from heart-trouble and fainting fits.

FLOOD TAKES HEAVY TOLL

Villages Wiped Out And Standing Crops Completely Destroyed

NETRAKONA (Mymensingh)

June 27. Authentic reports of death and distress caused by the heavy flood are being received from the affected area. Mr. Bankim Chandra Auddy, Circle Officer, who has been deputed by the Sub-Divisional Officer to Durgapur with the Rev. Mr. White of the Birisiri Mission and Mr. Williamson of the Mymensingh District Board, is touring throughout the area and distributing relief.

The amount of money sent by the District Magistrate to the Maharaja of Susang and Mr. White is too inadequate to meet the requirements of the situation. The Mission House at Birisiri is besieged by crying women and children who have lost their all. The deathroll is reported to be heavy and 12 bodies have been recovered up till now in the Durgapur area alone.

All the standing crops covering an area of about 30 square miles have been destroyed. There has been a deposit of sand one to three feet deep over the fields on the banks of the river Someswari. The villages of Khaigore and Karamkhola have been completely wiped out.

MARKETS CLOSED.

The S. D. O. has left for Kalkanda. Unconfirmed reports of several deaths have been received from that quarter. All the markets are closed and no foodstuffs are available locally.

Mr. T. M. Dow, District Magistrate of Mymensingh, is making all possible arrangements for relief with the greatest promptitude. He has already remitted Rs. 500 to the S. D. O. of Netrakona and deputed a Circle Officer with money for relief work to Barhatta on receipt of a telegram from the president of the Union Board there. —A.P.

BOMBAY CITY

RAINFALL

Rainfall during 24 hours 8 a.m. of date 2-7-34 Colaba Point 0.06"; Fort 0.40"; J. J. Hospital 0.24"; Cotton Laboratory Matunga 0.26".

Total since 1st June to date Colaba Point 29.21"; Fort 37.60"; J. J. Hospital 33.62"; Cotton Laboratory 33.83". Total for the corresponding period of 1932 Colaba Point 10.69"; Fort 14.26"; J. J. Hospital 16.55"; Cotton Laboratory 13.79".

Total for the corresponding period of 1933 Colaba Point 10.29"; Fort 16.86"; J. J. Hospital 14.54"; Cotton Laboratory Matunga 13.79".

COLABA OBSERVATORY BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observation during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 2nd July 1934.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +0.11 degrees. Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.0 degrees. Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.5 degrees. Maximum temperature during 24 hours 85.8 degrees 0.7 below normal. Minimum temperature during 24 hours 77.9 degrees 1.0 above normal. Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 85 per cent.

DEPRESSION LIES OFF BALASOR

Ahmedabad Gets Two Inches Of Rain

POONA, July 2.

The depression in the north-west angle of the Bay lies this morning off Balasor. The monsoon has been strong generally in the peninsula, Gujarat, Central Provinces, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Lower Burma and Southeast Punjab and active in the United Provinces.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, United Provinces, Central Provinces, Gujarat, Konkan, Hyderabad, Malabar and North Madras Coast, and local in Upper Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar Central India, East and North Punjab, Bombay Deccan.

Chief amounts of rainfall are:—Kyauppya five inches; Diamond Island three; Amherst and Gwa two; Bassein, Tuingoo and Kyab one and a half; Tavoy and Rangoon one; Cherrapunji four; Ranchi and Sambalpur three; Chandball, and Balasore two; Gauhati, Cuttack, Sandheads and Shillong one and a half; Cawnpore and Jagdalpur three; Meerut, and Chanda one and a half; Jubbulpore and Mussoorie one; Delhi and Ambala five; Surat three; Ahmedabad and Dharampur two; Simla and Mount Abu one and a half; Baroda and Tankhala one; Mahabeshwar five; Gopalpur three; Ratnagiri, and Khandala two; Calicut, Mercara and Hanamkonda one and a half; Karwar and Cochin one.

FORECAST:—The monsoon will be strong in Burma, Orissa, the Peninsula, central parts of the country, West United Provinces, and East and North Punjab and local falls of rain will occur in Rajputana, East United Provinces, Chota Nagpur, Bengal and Assam.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:—Locally heavy rain will occur in Konkan, Gujarat, West Central India, Central Provinces, Orissa, North Madras Coast and Lower Burma, and in and near the Punjab-Kumaon Hills during the next 36 hours.—A. P.

The Tmrtsar Municipal Committee adopted a resolution strongly condemning the attack made on Gandhiji at Poona and congratulating him on his providential escape.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. WSW. Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 14 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 237 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 43 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy equal 10) 10.

Rainfall in 24 hours 0.06 inches. Total rainfall during the month 0.76 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 29.23 inches. Weather remarks:—Rain and squally.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 2ND JULY 1934.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.1 deg. F.; a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.88 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.67 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading of 0.801" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.



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OUR WELL-KNOWN NEW WATER PROOF COATS

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Like a Bright Light on Dark Road

Every Genuine Marrott's Rain Coat has our name label. Look for this first before buying.

IT IS YOUR SAFEGUARD AGAINST IMITATIONS

Hundreds of qualities in stock. Prices ranging from Rs. 2 to Rs. 105 each.

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Dadar " **Messrs. Shahade Athavle & Co.,** Dadar.

Poona " **Messrs. The Poona Cloth Stores,** Budhwar Peth, Poona City.

Agents:—**SHIVRAM RAMLAL MINEEYAR,** SATARA CITY.
Messrs. B. A. PATEL & Co., Raichur.

JEWEL THEFT FROM MERCHANT'S HOUSE

Burglars Decamp With Ornaments Worth Rs. 1,000

Some burglars took advantage of the heavy rain that was pouring on Sunday night and entered into a shop-keeper's house at Haines Road and removed gold and silver ornaments worth Rs. 1,000.

The theft was discovered on Monday morning by Lalji Pacharia, the merchant, and the police were communicated with. Inspector Dyer of the C.I.D. and Supt. Kanik visited the place and made enquiries.

It appears that the burglars entered the building by removing the latch of the window on the rear of the building and removing two iron bars. On entering the hind room, they bore a hole in the door leading to the front room and removed from there gold and silver ornaments worth Rs. 1,000.

The police have not, so far arrested anybody in this connection.

BILL COLLECTOR IN TROUBLE

Charged With Criminal Breach Of Trust

Arjun Kalyani charged with criminal breach of trust as a bill-collector in respect of Rs. 495-11-6 was placed before Mr. P. L. Thakkar, Magistrate, Mazagaon.

The accused was arrested on Monday.

The complainant in the case, is a partner in the firm of Messrs. Ramkumar Gopial and Co., which deals in all sorts of grains at Broach Street.

The accused was a bill-collector in the firm since seven months and that between May and July he was, as usual, entrusted with the work of collections.

But during these months, the accused it is alleged, did not submit his accounts, nor handed over the cash.

As enquiries are not complete in the case, the accused was ordered to be remanded for a period of ten days.

"YARD" REPORT ABOUT ACCUSED

Lund & Blockley Ex-Employee Gets 14 Months

Harold Francis Lawrence, a European Optician, formerly employed in the firm of Messrs. Lund and Blockley was sentenced on Monday to an aggregate term of 14 months' rigorous imprisonment by Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, Bombay on three charges of cheating.

In the first case the accused was charged with cheating Messrs. Lund & Blockley of two Rolex watches, collectively valued at Rs. 600 and also cheating Mr. A. Rosenberg, Manager of Greens Hotel, of Rs. 50.

On the first count the accused was awarded 9 months' rigorous imprisonment and on the second count, one month rigorous imprisonment. The sentences to run consecutively.

The third charge against the accused was that he had pledged a diamond ring belonging to a client of Messrs. Lund and Blockley, left in the custody of Mr. F. Roberts. The accused was sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment on this charge.

Deterrent Sentence Urged
Before the sentences were passed, the Police Prosecutor Mr. D'Cun pressed for a deterrent sentence on the ground that a report had been received from Scotland Yard, London, giving details of the accused's criminal record and a conviction for larceny of diamonds.

The accused applied to be classed as a "B" class prisoner. The Magistrate provisionally placed the accused in "B" class and directed him to make a written application from the jail.

CHARGE FRAMED AGAINST MARWARI

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, July 2. Mr. M. B. Kunte, City Magistrate, Thana, adjourned the hearing to July 5, after the court framed a charge against Panna Navaji, a Marwari money-lender of Thana, that he, the accused, on April 18 last induced Yamuna wife of Dattatraya Dongre to sign the sale deed of a plot of land, belonging to her mother Ansuva, by false representations, and agreeing to pay her a sum of Rs. 1,000 out of the sale proceeds.

He further took from her Rs. 1,000 for redeeming the land.

GIRL PUTS UP PLUCKY FIGHT

Foils Alleged Culprit From Outraging Her Modesty

The plucky fight of a 12-year old Hindu girl against a midnight intruder who was successfully foiled in his attempt to outrage her modesty, was narrated before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum on Monday.

Khamji, the accused is alleged to have entered the chawl of Ratanbai at about 1 o'clock in the morning of June 29, with criminal intent.

The girl who was sleeping along with her mother in a building in Kumbharwada, woke up to find the intruder about to gag her, but with great pluck she struggled herself free and awoke her mother who raised an alarm.

The accused in the meanwhile attempted to escape, but was chased and is alleged to have been assaulted by some neighbours who came to the girl's rescue.

He was subsequently caught on the road and was removed to the police hospital where he was later identified by the complainant.

He was charged with house breaking, and attempt to outrage the modesty of a girl.

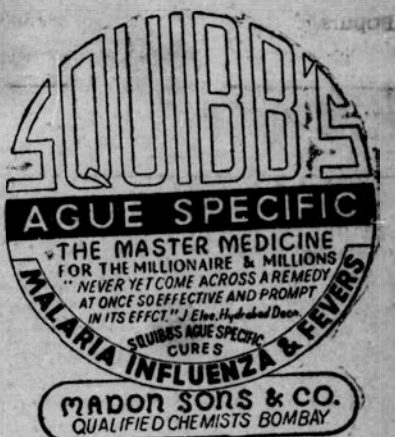
The accused was remanded to police custody up to the 12th July, pending further inquiries.

EXPRESS WAGON DERAILED

The Divisional Superintendent, Jhansi, wire, under to-day's date: At about 20/40 hours on July 1 a wagon in rear of 49 down Grand Trunk Express derailed at mileage 562/15 between Sumar and Gulabganj on the Bhopal Hina Section of the North East Main Line. The 5 Down and 6 Up Punjab Mail: 197 down and up Peshawar Express and 50 Up Grand Trunk Express trains are being diverted via Itarsi Katni and Sina.—A. P.

ENRICHING BENGALI LANGUAGE

The desirability of setting up a learned body to collect data for the revival of obsolete Bengali words and coining new ones for enriching the vocabulary and phraseology of Bengali language was stressed by Sir P. C. Roy, presiding over the General meeting of the Bangiya Sahitya Parishad, Calcutta.



WHITE LEPROSY

GUARANTEED CURE.

Please ask for "Divine Gifts" with the details of your disease and the name of your birthday. Mrs. Amiyabala Devi, "Amiya-Kutir", Dinajpur (Bengal).

DEVAGAD EDUCATIONAL BOARD

Rs. 2,000 Collected For Promoting Education in Taluka

The Devagad Educational Board was formed in Bombay a few days ago with the view of starting developing and maintaining educational institutions in Devagad Taluka.

The Board has been carrying on collections for the erection of buildings for schools at Devagad. Mr. Keshavarao Gokhale, has promised to pay the Board, half the expenses for the building of an English High School at Devagad.

A meeting of all the donors, who have paid more than Rs. 25 was called in Bombay on June 24, when Mr. N. C. Kelkar presided. It was decided at that meeting to Register the Board as a Society.

So far the Board have received promises upto Rs. 4,500 and have realised Rs. 2,000.

Six people were injured and a horse and a bullock killed in a collision which took place on Sunday between a private Motor car and a Vegetable Vendor's cart at the junction of Futapukur Road and Russa Road in Gurgaon.

Sports Jottings From Here and There

NEED FOR AN ALL-INDIA FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION

(By SPORTSMAN)

Football

The final match in the Football Championships of the World was played off at the Fascist Party Stadium at Rome before a crowd of forty thousand excited spectators. The combatants were Italy and Czechoslovakia, and the former won the Championship by the odd goal in three, after an extra half hour had been gone through. The excitement was so great that it was feared at one time that one of the stands would collapse under the strain of countless stamping feet. At another point it looked as though the spectators would stampede into the field, and a Cordon of Police was formed to keep them back.

ENGLAND OUT EARLY.

The standard of the game must have been very high indeed. England which was supposed to be in the top rung of the ladder, appeared to be no where near it. Her heavy defeats by Czechoslovakia and Hungary showed that the continental countries were far advanced in the game. The home of football, Germany finished third in the Tournament. At the conclusion of the game, the Duce presented the gold championship Cup to the Italians. The Cup is reported to be so big that it took four men to carry it and its pedestal on to the field. The Duce's Cup was presented to the Czechoslovakian team and the Germans received the Italian Federation's Cup.

INDIA UNREPRESENTED.

It is a matter for regret that India went unrepresented in the Tournament. The game is highly developed in this country. It has, besides, a special beauty and charm of its own in the barefooted play. It ought to be demonstrated to the delight of the outside world. I am afraid this cannot be done unless there is an All-India organization to shoulder the responsibilities of such foreign tours.

PLEA FOR ALL-INDIA ASSOCIATION.

Some time ago, the Indian Football Association of Calcutta set a movement afoot to bring into being an All-India Association. It invited the Co-operation of the other Football Associations in the country. The W.F.A., I understand, gave a rather lukewarm support, to the scheme. I do not know how it was received in other parts of the country. Owing to the lack of co-ordination and proper understanding between the different Associations existing in this country, the idea is still in a fluid state. Cricket, Tennis, Hockey and Athletics have already got their controlling bodies who are striving to put themselves on a solid foundation. It is therefore high time that football should also join in the forward March of the sister Associations. I hope the W. I. F. A. Council will put greater heart into this matter than it has hitherto done and helped in the formation of the All-India Association in the near future.

INDIA'S SECOND SUCCESS AGAINST SOUTH AFRICA.

I congratulate the Indian Touring team most heartily on their second success against South Africa in the second test match. They played against heavy odds at Durban. In addition to a strong gale, heavy showers of rain made the ground almost unsuitable for barefooted football. Still they acquitted themselves extraordinarily well and won by a brace of goals. I hope that the Europeans and Boers have now persuaded themselves to a friendly engagement with the tourists. However, it is in a way satisfactory to note that they have so far treated the Indian visitors in a more sporting manner than is their wont to coloured people. It is to be hoped that they would shake off their colour prejudice altogether long before the tourists have left their shores. Then only a proper rapprochement will be possible between the arrogant Whites of South Africa and their

long-suffering coloured fellow citizens.

Cricket

SOMERSET TROUNCED BY AUSTRALIA.

The match between Somerset and the Australian Tourists was notable for the grand bowling performance of O'Reilly who bagged no less than nine Somerset wickets in their first venture for 38 runs. The wet condition of the wickets had a lot to do with this massacre. Nonetheless, the Australian bowler deserves high praise for his splendid effort. Had he taken a hand in the second innings also, he might have created a record for himself. Fleetwood-Smith and Ebeling were entrusted with the attack and they brought about the downfall of the home-side in a spectacular manner. The former captured 6 wickets for 56 runs, and the latter accounted for 3 at 8 runs a piece.

F. LEES CREDITABLE SHOW.

The home side winning the toss elected to bat on a rain-sodden ground. O'Reilly securing full command of the pitch caused the downfall of Somerset for the paltry total of 116. But there was one batsman in the person of F. Lee who defied all manner of balls and cajolery. Going in first, he patiently countered the attacks of O'Reilly, and Ebeling for 155 minutes and carried his bat through for 50 runs. With the exception of J. Lee and Ingle no other batsmen could reach double figures.

WOODFULL-DARLING PARTNERSHIP.

Woodfull would not allow his team to be dismissed so cheaply. Seeing the loss of Ponsford and Bradman for 17 runs each, he settled down to collect runs in dribbles. In this he received the hearty co-operation of Darling. From 62, they carried the total to 171 for the third wicket. Darling contributing 79. After Kippax, Chipperfield and Bromley succumbed, Barnett took a firm stand and knocked off a well-played 51. Woodfull was unfortunate in losing his wicket by running out. In

his stand for four hours, he compiled 84 runs, only 12 of which came through boundary hits. The Australian innings closed at 309. Wellard claimed 6 wickets for 111 runs.

SOMERSET REPEATS SCORE. In their second innings, Somerset made a surprising repetition of their previous score of 116. To this White contributed 29 and Wellard 26. All the other batsmen failed miserably against the bowling of Fleetwood-Smith and Ebeling. The Australians thus won the match by an innings and 77 runs.

Athletics

UNITED STATES AS WORLD BEATER.

It seems that the United States Athletes are out to break all World's records in Athletics. During the last few days, four more records have been beaten in the national collegiate meeting. Hardin did the quarter mile in 47 seconds, and the 220 yards hurdles in 22 7/10 seconds. The one mile was done by Bonthron in 4 minutes 8 1/2 seconds while in putting the shot Torrance created a record with 54 feet 6 9/16 inches. INDIAN ATHELETES FOR ENGLAND.

The other day seven Indian Athletes left Bombay to compete in the British Empire games. They were: R. A. Vermaux (B. N. Railway), Abdul Shah (Lahore), Naranjan Singh (Patiala), G. P. Bhalia (Bihar and Orissa), Rishid Anwar (E. I. Railway Lucknow), Ajab Singh (Lahore) and Mahomed Ashraf (N. W. Railway, Lahore). They will be joined by Jehangir Khan who is now at Cambridge. The games will be held from August 4 to 11. It is good that these athletes have left early enough to get themselves acclimatized and be in perfect condition when the games begin. While in England they will be coached by Dr. G. H. Ayers of California who acted as coach to the Indian athletes at the last Olympic Games at Los Angeles. The team is certainly not the best that could have been sent. The fault lies with the authorities who took little interest in the tour. It is to the credit of these athletes who undertook the tour at considerable expense to themselves. I hope they will successfully exhibit their prowess in competition with the other athletes of the Empire.

THIRD TEST MATCH SURPRISE

Farnes Not Invited To Play At Manchester

LONDON, July 1. The following players have been invited to be present at Manchester for the Third Test Match on July 6, 7, 8 and 10: Wyatt, Walters, Allen, Sutcliffe, Hammond, Hendren, Leyland, Ames, Verity, Macaulay, Clark, Keeton, and Hopwood. The actual team will be chosen on Friday morning. It depends on the fitness of those who are a little doubtful.—Reuter.

SMIRKE'S FEE FOR RIDING DERBY WINNER

Maharaja Of Rajpipla Denies Wild Rumours

There have been wild rumours about the fee Charles Smirke will receive for riding Windsor Lad to victory in the Derby. Most estimates are wrong. "His fee will be a fair one, and according to the usual custom," said Windsor Lad's owner, the Maharajah of Rajpipla, at Kempton Park recently. "But I have not come to any decision on the point yet."

ALL-INDIA FOOTBALL TEAM WINS AGAIN

Perfect Ball Control Enables Tourists To Register 9 Goals

(SPECIAL CABLE) EAST LONDON, July 1. Perfect ball control and excellent team work enabled the All-India touring team to defeat the Frontier Indian team by 9 goals to nil. At half-time the tourists led by 3 goals to nil. The centre-half A. Ahmed was particularly outstanding and repeatedly stopped the Frontier movements. The forward line was brilliant, especially in short passing. The following were the scorers: Bhatcharjee 3, Lakshminarayana 2, Ramana 2, Chowdhri and Ahmed one each.

CEYLON ATHLETIC SPORTS

Annual Championship Meeting To Be Held In September

COLOMBO, July 2. It is understood that the Ceylon Amateur Athletic Association will hold its annual Championship meeting in September next. The events will be the 100 yards, 200 yards, quarter mile, half mile, one mile, 120 yards hurdles, 220 yards low hurdles, pole vault, high jump, long jump, putting the weight, throwing the javelin, quarter mile for school boys and many other items. It is likely that His Excellency the Governor will distribute the prizes.—United Press.

PT. MALAVIYA AT SHOLAPUR

Advices Weavers To Abstain From Drinking

SHOLAPUR, July 1. Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya who arrived here this morning by the Madras Mail was given an enthusiastic reception on the station platform which was crowded by many congressmen and leading citizens of the town. The presidents of the local branches of the Hindu Sabha and Swadeshi Sangh garlanded Pandit Malaviya on the platform. Dr. Antollikar, the president of the Sholapur Congress Committee also garlanded the Pandit. Pandit Malaviya was then taken out in a procession through the principal streets of the city. The Hand-Loom Weavers' Association presented an address of welcome to the Pandit. In reply, Pandit Malaviya congratulated the weavers for carrying on a national industry in spite of the tough competition from the mill made products. Concluding his reply, the Pandit advised the weavers to give up the evil habit of drinking.

ADDRESS OF WELCOME

An address of welcome will be presented to Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya on behalf of the citizens of Sholapur in the Sidheshwar temple, to-night. The local Ligayati community will also present him with an address at the same time. In the afternoon, Pandit Malaviya addressed a ladies meeting. The Pandit will stay here till to-morrow and very probably pay a flying visit to Pandharpur in the afternoon and return to Sholapur in the evening.—A. P.

ACTING RESIDENT OF NIZAM'S STATE

HYDERABAD (Deccan), July 2. Lieutenant-Colonel J. C. Tate, acting Resident in Hyderabad presented credentials to the Nizam this afternoon. A large gathering of nobles and officials of the Nizam's Government and the residency attended the function which was preceded by a picturesque "Miraj Puri" ceremony at the Residency.—A. P.

Bengal Club's Donation To Bihar Relief

"Members of the Bengal Club, Bombay, arranged to stage a drama 'Bisharjan' by the poet Rabindranath Tagore and the proceeds of the drama Rs. 125 have been received by the Bombay Chronicle's Bihar Earthquake Relief Fund for remittance to Babu Rajendra Prasad's Fund."

AUSTRALIA SCORES 251 RUNS

Surrey Wicket Scattered By Grimmett Who Yields Only 33 For 5

(SPECIAL CABLE.) In the match between Australians and Surrey at the Oval, Australians were all out in their first innings for 251 (Ponsford, 85 Kippax 50, Allom 4 for 60).

Surrey in their second innings made 184 at close. (Grimmett 5 for 33) Surrey had made 175 runs in their 1st innings.

LONDON, July 2.

The weather was sunny and the wicket still good when the Australians who were 136 for three at close of play on Saturday resumed their innings against Surrey at the Oval. Ponsford was out at 187, but Barnett and McCabe left at 154 and 157 respectively. Holmes who took three slip catches till the lunch interval, first caught Barnett off Gover and then McCabe in playing back to a half-volley was bowled by Pender for a duck. Ponsford and Bromley then fell victims to Holmes in the slips and Grimmett was out to a snick behind the wicket. At lunch score was 243 for 8, Kippax being unbeaten with 50.

The Australians were all out for 251 soon after resumption. Kippax was bowled when he had deliberately refrained from making a stroke, thinking the ball could safely be left alone. He was batting for 30 minutes.

SURREY—2ND INNINGS.

Surrey lost Sandham before they had scored a single run in the second innings. McCabe holding him in the slips off Ebeling. Then Fleetwood-Smith accounted for three more batsmen and the Home Side had lost four wickets for 53. At tea the score was 67 for 4 wickets.

The fifth wicket partnership between Gregory and Brown added 73 runs. Except for this stand, the rest of the side collapsed before Grimmett who took after lunch five out of the six remaining wickets.

AUSTRALIAN—(First Innings). Brown, 1-b-w, Allom 34 Ponsford (not out) 49

Darling, c Watts, b Fender 20
Bradman, c Brooks, b Holmes 27
Barnett, c Holmes, b Gover 1
Ponsford, c Holmes, b Allom 85
McCabe, b Fender 0
Kippax, b Gover 50
Bromley, c Holmes, b Allom 0
Grimmett, c Brooks, b Watts 7
Ebeling (not out) 6
Fleetwood-Smith (not out) 2
Extras 13
Total 251

SURREY—Second Innings.
Sandham, c McCabe, b 0
Ebeling 0
Gregory, c Barnett, b 48
Squires, b Fleetwood-Smith 28
Barling, c and b Fleetwood-Smith 0
Holmes, b Fleetwood-Smith 0
Brown, c Bradman, b Grimmett 46
Watts (not out) 28
Fender, c McCabe, b Grimmett 15
Cover, 1-b-w, b Grimmett 1
Brooks, c Barnett, b Grimmett 2
Allom, st Barnett, b Grimmett 4
Total 184

ENGLAND TEAM FOR THIRD TEST

Wyatt To Captain Again At Manchester

RUGBY, July 2. For the Third Test Cricket Match between England and Australia at Manchester Wyatt will again captain England. The following have been selected: Sutcliffe, Hendren, Leyland, Walters, Hammond and Ames.

Of the others one may be Allen of Middlesex—B. O. W.

His Highness the Maharaja of Kapurthala has cabled to the Chief Minister entirely approving of the action taken against the relatives Abdul Aziz of Boogowal in respect of Ssta's service.—A. P.

IMPORT BAN ON RICE

Govt. Proposals To Combat Foreign Dumping

SIMLA, July 2. The Associated Press understands that the Government of India will make an announcement almost at the commencement of the Assembly session regarding their proposals against the dumping of foreign rice into India. Since the question was raised in the Assembly in the Delhi session, the Government of India have been closely examining the position and have also studied the reports received from time to time from the special officer appointed in Madras. The recent crop planning conference also considered the matter on the suggestion thrown out for the imposition of an import duty on foreign rice and paddy.

TENTATIVE PROPOSALS

It will be remembered that Sir Joseph Bhore intimated at the Conference that the matter was the subject of negotiations with the foreign Governments concerned, namely, Siam and Indo-China. Though the final stage in these negotiations has not yet been reached, it is felt that the Government of India will be compelled to indicate to

the Assembly at least their tentative proposals. In fact they had undertaken in the Delhi session to make their proposals known. In accordance with that undertaking, an announcement is expected in the Assembly.

TEMPORARY BAN

While it is too early to state what the nature of their conclusions would be, they will be the result of careful consideration of all factors, including the suggestion for temporary prohibition of imports from the two countries mentioned above pending further and final negotiations and levy of a small duty on rice and paddy imported from these two countries. Another suggestion made at the Crop Planning Conference was for removal of export duty on rice and paddy. Adoption of the suggestion might mean loss to Government of about Rs. 85 lakhs which Sir James Grigg, Finance Member, said was unthinkable in the present state of the Government of India's finances. This suggestion therefore, is not likely to be up.—A. P.

A PURSE AT EVERY STATION

HYDERABAD (Sind), July 2. Arrangements are being made to present a purse to Mahatma Gandhi at every mail stopping station in Sind when he arrives here.—A. P.

WIMBLEDON TENNIS

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, July 2.

In the quarter-finals of men's singles in Wimbledon Championships, Perry beat Lott 6/4, 2/6, 7/5 10/8. Shields beat Austin 4/6, 2/6, 7/5 6/3, 7/5. Other quarter-final results in Men's Singles are: Crawford beat Stoeffen 7/5, 2/6, 7/5, 6/0. Wood beat Kirby 6/1, 6/4, 3/6, 6/0.

Commissioner's Court's Jurisdiction

Application For Injunction Restraining Karachi City Fathers And Chief Officer From Holding General Election

KARACHI, July 2.

The Judicial Commissioner's Court was crowded with municipal councillors, pleaders and public when Doctor Rochiram prayed to the court to grant a permanent injunction restraining Karachi Corporation and its Chief Officer from holding general election on the roll alleged to be unauthorisedly prepared by the Chief Officer on the ground that unnecessary waste of money would be incurred if it was held by the court that the electoral roll was unauthorised, invalid and a new electoral roll had to be prepared. He applied for a temporary and 'ad interim' injunction but the court refused to grant a permanent injunction but the application for a temporary injunction was heard.

"GO TO HIGH COURT."

The Judicial Commissioner Mr.

Ferrers pointed out that Dr. Rochiram's application purporting to restrain the Chief Officer from doing a specific act might properly fall under Section 45 of the Special Relief Act, under which only High Courts established under the Charter could issue a "writ of mandamus" and not this court, which had no jurisdiction to entertain the application.

Dr. Rochiram's pleader argued that the application might fall under Section 54 of the Relief Act which affords general relief. The Court observed, as this Section referred to the obligations more or less arising out of contract, this section might not apply. The court also suggested that the plaintiff having suffered no specific damage by the publication of a preliminary electoral roll he had no cause for action.

Further hearing was adjourned till Friday.—A. P. Special.

WITHDRAWAL OF GOVT GRANT FOR SCHOOLS

Ahmedabad Municipality Discusses Question

AHMEDABAD, July 2.

A heated discussion took place in the Ahmedabad Municipality on the legal opinion given by Sir Chimanlal Setalvad regarding the withdrawal of the Government Educational grant amounting to Rs. 650,000 since 1930, because of the closing of Municipal Schools as a protest against the arrest of National leaders.

Sir Chimanlal Setalvad had advised the Municipality to try and arrive at some amicable settlement with the Government, if possible, although it had a valid claim against the Government for the grant and could sue it.

Several members urged that the Municipality should not threaten to sue the Government, but should come to some amicable

settlement in view of the changed political conditions. Ultimately it was decided to address a communication to Government with a view to exploring avenues of a settlement before taking further action.—A. P.

DASTARDLY ACTION CONDEMNED

AHMEDABAD, July 2.

The Ahmedabad Municipality passed a resolution this evening condemning the bomb outrage on Gandhiji as a dastardly piece of action and congratulating Gandhiji on his providential escape.—A. P.

MONSOON VISITS DELHI

NEW DELHI, July 2.

Delhi is having frequent showers of rain now-a-days, the monsoon having set in. Last night the rain commenced at 3 a.m. and continued till 2 p.m. to-day.

The temperature has been considerably lowered.—United Press.

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Good Health means Happiness

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CITY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Jeth Vad 7, 1090
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Awwal 20 1251
Parsi: Beh 30 1303
Sunrise: 6h 6m
Sunset: 7h 20m
High Water: 4-26, 16-42
Low Water: 10-13, 23-38
Congress Socialist meeting at Students' Brotherhood Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty, at 6 p.m.
WEDNESDAY, July 4
Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.
THURSDAY, July 5
Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.
FRIDAY, July 6
Results of B. Hy. M.D., M.S., and LL.M. Examinations, University Building, 2 p.m.

DAILY AMUSEMENT

EXCELSIOR—"Little Caesar" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Rip-Tide" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"The Worst Woman in Paris" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Flying Down to Rio" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CARLTON—"Hold Your Man" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Bolero" Daily at 5-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"The House of Rothschild" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Gun Sudari" Time as usual.
GLOBE—"Kanya Vikraya" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Kismet-Ka-Shihar" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Mysterious Prince" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Seva Sadan" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
PALACE—"Half Six at Sun Rise" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Fet First" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC CINEMA—"Vehni Duniya" Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
PRABHAT—"Talkie"—Kismet-Ki-Kasanti" Time as usual.
ROBINHOOD—"Eskimo" Daily at 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m.

SARASWAT SUBURBAN CO-OP. HOUSING SOCIETY

The 15th annual general meeting of the Saraswat Suburban Co-operative Housing Society, Ltd., of Santa Cruz will be held on their premises at Santa Cruz at 4-30 p.m. on Sunday (15th July 1934).

POSTAL NOTICES

Superscribed mails for Laurentino Marquis and South Africa per s.s. "Isington" via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. on Thursday the 5th instant.
Mails for Straits Settlements and China via Negapatnam will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 2 p.m. on Thursday the 5th instant.

MAILS FOR MAURITIUS

Mails for Mauritius and Reunion per Extra s.s. "Halipara" via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. on Thursday the 5th instant instead of at 6-30 p.m. on Tuesday the 3rd instant as previously notified.
Mails for Colombo and Australia per s.s. "Naldera" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 2 p.m. on Thursday the 5th instant.

ENGLISH MAELS

The outward P and O mail steamer "Naldera" with the mails from London of 21st ultimo arrived at Alen at 5 a.m. on the 1st instant and left there at 8 a.m. the same day.
In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at 2 p.m. on Thursday the 5th instant.
The "Naldera" will sail from Ballard Pier for Australia at 9 a.m. the same day.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The O.S.K. steamer "Kaisho Maru" left Singapore on June 29 and is due to arrive in Bombay on July 13 via Penang, Cebu and Hongkong.
The O.S.K. steamer "Celebes Maru" left Moji on June 30 and is due to arrive in Bombay on July 24 via usual ports.
The O.S.K. steamer "Taijin Maru" left Moji on July 2 and is due to arrive in Bombay on July 29 via usual ports.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12-0 noon Indian Selected Hour Bombay Market: Available Rates, European Lunch Time Music 2-9 p.m. A-Relay from the Rotary Club.
5-30 p.m. A Relay from the Capitol Cinema. 7-0 p.m. Talk—"Sporting Topics" By Tony Manor. 7-30 p.m. The Dance Hour. 8-45 p.m. Weather Report and News Bulletin in English. General News in Hindi and Commercial News. 9-20 p.m. Hindustani Songs Miss Freni Tarachand and Pranviwandas Narsilal. 10-30 p.m. Close Down.

Empire Broadcasting

7-45 p.m. Time Signal from Big Tom. New Bulletin and topical talk.
7-55 p.m. The Kolkestone Municipal Orchestra.
8-00 p.m. Tweedledum and Tweedledee. Alice arranged for broadcast in dramatic form.
8-30 p.m. Mantovani and his Tipica Orchestra.
9-15 p.m. Final scene from the Parliamentary Pageant, relayed from the Royal Albert Hall, London.
9-30 p.m. A light classical concert.
9-45 p.m. The B. B. C. Dance Orchestra.
10-30 p.m. News Bulletin and topical talk.
10-50 p.m. British Variety, a programme of gramophone records.
11-11-45 p.m. Reginald Dixon at the organ of the Tower Ballroom, Black-pool.

CONGRESS SOCIALIST MEETING

A meeting of the students of Bombay will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. in the Bombay Students' Brotherhood Hall, French Bridge when the Bombay Congress Socialist Party will explain its programme.

VOLUNTEER SUB-COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Volunteer Sub-Committee of the Congress Reception Committee will be held at the Congress House to-day (Tuesday) at 7 p.m. (S. T.).

CONGRESS R. C. EXECUTIVE MEETING

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Congress Reception Committee will be held at the Congress House, to-day (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. (S. T.).

WORKING OF B. P. C. C. WARD COMMITTEES

The General Secretary, Bombay Provincial Congress Committee gives below the addresses and working hours of the seven Ward District Committees:—

Ward "A" 41, Mahabir Building, Homji Street, Fort, 7 to 8 a.m. and 7 to 9 p.m. (S. T.)
Ward "B" 297-301, Dongri Street, Masjid Bunder, Kharek Bazar, Bombay, 3, 11 a.m. to 6 p.m. (S. T.)
Ward "C" Joshi Building, Kalbadevi Road, opposite Bhangwadi 8 a.m. to 3 p.m. (S. T.)
Ward "D" Congress House, Girgaum Back Road, Bombay 4, 8 a.m. to 10-30 a.m. and 4 to 8 p.m. (S. T.)
Ward "E" Swadeshi Vastra and Khadi Bhandar, Haines Road, opposite Khataw Mankaji Mill, Byculia, Bombay 8, 8 to 11 a.m. and 6 to 8-30 p.m. (S. T.)
Ward "F" Clo-The "F" Ward Khadi Bhandar, Mankeshwar Building, Folabadi Corner, Parel, Bombay No. 14, 8 to 11 a.m. and 3 to 8-30 p.m. (S. T.)
Ward "G" Ambabai Mistr Nivas Building, Tulsii Pipe Road, opposite Dadar Railway Station, B. B. and C. I. Railway, 7 to 9 a.m. and 7 to 9 p.m. (S. T.).

Jatindranath Shome, Post Master, Murkong Selland, has been awarded six months' imprisonment for embezzlement of postal money amounts to Rs. 1,500.—United Press.



A public meeting was held on Friday in Ahmedabad, when Mahatma Gandhi presided. A large number of women attended the meeting.

Hindi Must Be Taught In Municipal Schools

Corporation Desires Schools Committee To Make Report If Arrangements Can Be Made

Should the Schools Committee prosecute parents for not sending their children to the municipal schools under the Free and Compulsory Primary Education Act? The question arose over a resolution of Mrs. Shufi Tyebji, Chairman of the Schools Committee, who moved adoption of the quarterly report of the Special Attendance Officer of F and G wards showing the progress of free and compulsory education in those wards for the quarter ending 31st December 1933.

STATISTICS
The report showed 4,617 as non-attending children. 231 entitled to exemption, 4,386 children who ought to join schools, 1,587 notices issued to the guardians of non-attending children out of which 504 children joined after the service of the notices. 350 children left the wards, died or found to be underage or over-age. 133 children did not attend the schools in spite of the notices. In case of 2,799 children no action was taken. Total number of non-attending children on 31st December 1933, 3,532.

"PROSECUTE PARENTS."
Mr. D. G. Dalvi wanted to know as to why parents and guardians were not prosecuted under the Compulsory Primary Education Act although eight years had passed since the Act came into operation. If some parents had been prosecuted, the effect would have been salutary.

Mr. Govindlal Shivlal moved an amendment to send back the report to the committee. He also thought that a large number of boys would not have remained out of the schools if action had been taken against parents.

PLEA OF POVERTY.
Mr. Haji Hassam pointed out the difficulty of the Schools Committee and said the parents were poor and what they wanted was bread rather than education. If the children were given some food in the afternoon, he thought the schools would be filled.

Dr. M. C. Javie said it was better to use persuasion than prosecute parents. By prosecution he said parents would be prejudiced against the Schools Committee.

Mrs. Nalinibai Sukhtankar also pointed out the difficulties of the Schools Committee and said, the parents shifted from ward to ward to find employment and it was difficult to get boys who had already gone to other wards to attend schools in F and G wards.

WHY NOT HARIJAN TEACHERS?
Dr. P. G. Solanki advised to employ depressed class teachers who had more influence on the poor than the Brahmin teachers. The amendment was lost and the original proposition was carried.

FOR HINDI SCHOOLS.
Mr. Govindlal Shivlal then moved "That this Corporation desires the Schools Committee to make a report as expeditiously as it can make, on the following points:— Whether a demand has been made for Hindi Schools, and if so when, how and by whom the demand has been made. How many schools have been

LABOUR LEADER'S APPLICATION

Before Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia and Mr. Justice Divatia at the High Court, Mr. Pursottam Tricunddas made an application on behalf of V. B. Khale the Labour leader who recently won an appeal against the sentence of two months' rigorous imprisonment passed on him by the Presidency Magistrate, 3rd Court, on May 5 last, for leading a procession of mill-workers in defiance of the Chief Presidency Magistrate's prohibition order.

Subsequent to his trial in the case referred to, the applicant was sentenced on June 12 to a fine of Rs. 150 or two months' rigorous imprisonment in default on another charge. The application on Monday was for an order that the second sentence of two months' rigorous imprisonment in default of fine passed on June 12 should run, not from the date of the quashing of the first sentence passed on May 5, but from the date on which it was passed, that is, from June 12.

Their Lordships granted the application.

ARRESTED FOR ALLEGED STABBING

A coolie passing along the Sewri Road on June 27 at nightfall, had an unfortunate experience when Fazul Haq, is alleged to have waylaid him and relieved him of his earnings.

Fazul Haq, who was arrested on Sunday night and placed before Mr. A. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate.

INDIAN REPRESENTATIVES TO LEAGUE

SMILA, July 2.
A Communique issued from Simla says:—

The representatives of India at the September session of the Assembly of League of Nations will be Rt. Hon. His Highness the Aga Khan, Sir Denys De S. Bray and Rai Bahadur Sir V. T. Krishnamachari with Hon. Sir Homi Mulla as a substitute delegate.—United Press.

Dadar Police Court, on Monday, is alleged to have confronted his victim at a lonely spot and whipped out a knife and stabbed him on his arm, when the coolie offered resistance. The accused was charged with causing hurt in committing robbery and remanded to police custody upto July 11, pending enquiries.

Relief To Gujarat And Karnatak Peasants

Sit. Abid Ali, General Secretary, B. P. C. C. writes:—

A cheque for Rs. 1,001 has been received by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee from the "Sana Chandro Kantro", Kharakva, Bombay, for relief to farmers both of Gujarat and Karnatak.

It is to be hoped that other Associations will emulate this laudable example.

Kalyan Meeting Condemns Outrage

A public meeting of the citizens of Kalyan was held on Saturday last, under the auspices of the Kalyan Taluka Congress Committee to condemn the outrageous attempt on the life of Mahatma Gandhi at Poona. Dr. Phadke presided and Messrs. K. T. Sale, Ramsharan Patwardhan and others addressed the meeting. A resolution wishing long life to Gandhiji and speedy recovery to the injured was passed.

What is our duty as citizens of Bombay? Shall we fail to receive our honoured guests in a way befitting the hospitable characteristic of this country? I am sure Bombay shall not fail. Bombay always rises to the occasion. Bombay Citizens' first duty is to muster strong in Reception Committee.

I appeal to every citizen of Bombay who has love for country's freedom in his heart to go at once to Congress House and register himself as a Reception Committee Member and thus offer his contribution in the task of making the next Session of Indian National Congress a success.

Racial War Against Zanzibar Indians

Attack On Property Rights And Bid For Unprecedented Power By Govt.

The Imperial Citizenship Association has received the following cable from the Indian National Association, Zanzibar: "The Land Alienation Restriction measure has passed the second reading."

The Law Member admitted that the Bill is revolutionary, drastic, racial and affects the rights of one section of the population, namely Indian.

Mr. Wiggins, the only unofficial English Member and some time Acting Law Member, vehemently protested saying that the Bill was unfair and unjust and that the Government policy was anti-Indian and the whole Zanzibar would be turned a native reserve.

Mr. Wiggins described the Clove Growers' Association as "Clove Grabber Association" composed only of Government officials and a State Monopoly for depriving trade rights and speculation at tax payers' costs. The Government is determined to pass the measure."

OBJECTIONABLE BILLS

Indians in Zanzibar object to the following most revolutionary Bills:—

1. "A Decree to Restrict Alienation of Land in Certain Cases and to Make Special Provision for Evidence and Procedure in such Cases".
(This Bill has already passed the second reading). If this Bill is enacted Indians will be deprived of their right, which they have hitherto exercised, to acquire agricultural land. The Indian Settlement in Zanzibar is as old as those of Arabs.

MONOPOLY OF EXPORT TRADE

2. "A Decree to Establish and to Regulate the Clove Growers' Association".
It attempts to create a monopoly of export trade (Clove and Copra) in the hands of a Government guaranteed agency. If this Bill becomes law it will, along with a new Decree, impose licence fees of about Rs. 5,000

UNPRECEDENTED POWERS

3. "A Decree to Prevent Adulteration of Produce". Aims at arming authorities with unprecedented power.

4. "A Decree to provide for the inspection and grading of Agricultural Produce to be Exported from the Protectorate". This will prohibit the exportation of Cloves and Copra until they have been "inspected, graded and branded".

It also contains "No suit or other proceeding shall be brought against the Director or any Inspector, Examiner or other Officer acting in good faith." "No compensation shall be made by the Government to any person in respect of any loss or damage to any agricultural produce while the same is upon Government premises....."

RAILWAY TIMINGS

AT VICTORIA TERMINUS	
Trains	Arrivals
Madras Mail	6 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 10
Calcutta Mail via Chhokri	9 00
Madras Express	10 15
Deccan Queen	10 25
Poona Mail	11 40
Punjab Mail	13 15
Nagpur Express	14 40
Poona Fast Passenger	16 00
Poona Express	19 10
Allahabad Express	20 45
Departures	
Allahabad Express	7 15
Poona Express	8 00
Poona Fast Passenger	12 00
Madras Express	13 45
Poona Mail	15 30
Punjab Mail	16 05
Deccan Queen	17 15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	17 30
Calcutta Mail via Chhokri	21 15
Nagpur Express	21 30
Madras Mail	22 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	23 00

KAPURTHALA QUIET

KAPURTHALA, July 2.
The enforcement of the Princes Protection Act in the adjoining districts of the State to restrict the movement of Jathas, appears to have eased the situation in Kapurthala.

The State and British Police have been posted at all boundary lines and have succeeded in stopping the coming of the Jathas. No Jathas from outside or within the State are reported to have arrived since a few days.—United Press.

The Provincial Board of the Harijan Sevak Sangh, Hyderabad (Deccan) intend to establish a Harijan Basthi at Katalmandi, a quarter of the city.—United Press.

AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

Mail, Express and Passenger trains	
Arrivals at Bombay Central	H.M.
No. 8 Up Passenger	5 50
No. 20 Up Delhi Express	6 15
No. 2 Up Gujarat Mail	6 45
No. 10 Up Kathiawar Mail	7 50
*No. 4 Up Frontier Mail	8 55
No. 12 Up Passenger	14 50
No. 16 Up Kathiawar Express	19 05
No. 6 Up Passenger	20 55
Departures from Bombay Central	
No. 15 Down Kathiawar Express	8 45
No. 9 Down Passenger	8 55
No. 11 Down Passenger	13 55
No. 3 Down Gujarat Mail	20 25
No. 5 Down Kathiawar Mail	21 30
No. 19 Down Delhi Express	22 00
No. 7 Down Passenger	22 15

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

*On Saturday only for Passengers going to Europe 9 05

EDITORS GO TO LAW

Mr. Punniiah Aikages Defamation Against Dr. Lalvani

KARACHI, July 2.
Punniiah, the Editor of the "Sudhar" through his solicitor, has filed a defamation suit against Dr. Lalvani, a Corporator and Editor of the "Municipality".
The complainant alleges he has been defamed in open letter published in the "Municipality" and accused of receiving bribery from the Mir of Khairpur Shikohi.—United Press.

PATHE

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TO-NIGHT at 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Book Now and Make Sure.

RADIO'S MUSICAL SENSATION

"FLYING DOWN TO RIO"

With DOLORES DEL RIO
200 GIRLS

STAGED IN THE CLOUDS!

Bombay Must Rise To The Occasion

Mr. Mulraj Cursonadas, Hon. Treasurer of the Reception Committee of the Congress has issued the following appeal to the citizens of Bombay:—
You are the best that has invited the nation to your city. The nation has accepted your invitation and is sending its chosen representatives from all parts of India to come to Bombay in October to meet and consider over the burning question, which is uppermost in the heart of every Indian—that is the question of independence of India. The question of breaking the fetters that have bound us for centuries

Telephone No. 22037,
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The Bombay Chronicle

Red House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY, TUESDAY, JULY 3, 1934

RESIST DISCRIMINATION

Our Special Correspondent at Simla reports that considerable dissatisfaction is felt among the Indians there, official as well as unofficial, with the report of the Indian Colonization Inquiry Committee, set up by the Union of South Africa, for the purpose of making a preliminary examination of the possibilities of organised industrial emigration of Indians both from South Africa and India to other parts of the British Empire. There is considerable ground for dissatisfaction, for the findings and recommendations of the Committee, if endorsed by the Government of India, may lead to the adoption of a policy by the South African Government which, while purporting to help the local Indians to find more congenial territory, if they choose to emigrate voluntarily, may virtually tend to harass Indians out of the Dominion. Indians need to be vigilant, especially those in South Africa, who should beware of surrendering even by implication their rights as domiciled citizens of the Dominion, however tempting may be the bait held out for them.

Government Of India's

Weakness.

The origin of the Committee that has published the report and the general trend of its recommendations need to be clearly understood. The Committee was a sequel to the Round Table Conference held in Cape Town in 1932. The Conference recommended "assisted emigration" to India, but the possibilities of repatriation were soon exhausted and a different policy was felt to be necessary by the Union Government for those Indians who were domiciled in South Africa. The Government of India, willing to do something for Indians but not always strong or willing enough to assert themselves against the Union Government, were but too ready to co-operate with the latter in exploring the possibilities of a colonization scheme for settled Indians. Accordingly, the present Committee, appointed solely by the Union Government, has made some preliminary investigations, to be considered later by a Joint Commission of the two Governments. Its recommendations are in no way binding either on the South African Indians or the Government of India.

Widening The Franchise

The resolution, as finally passed by the Indian Merchants' Chamber regarding the extension of the franchise for election to the Indian Legislative Assembly from the Western India Commerce constituency, accepts the principle of democratization, and leaves the actual details to be worked out by the Committee of the Chamber, with such legal advice as may be found to be necessary in giving effect to the change. The intentions of the sponsors of the original resolution were to make the individual members of such of the associations, as are to-day members of the Indian Merchants' Chamber in their corporate or collective capacity, and which vote at Chamber elections to the various legislative and other bodies through their representative, equal voting members along with the other ordinary members of the Chamber, whether firms or individuals. Mr. Tairsee had proposed an amendment, which sought, through the means of a conference between all commercial and industrial associations in the Presidency, to secure the extension of the franchise to a still wider area, embracing the entire commercial community. He would, at the same time, have secured, if his device had been adopted, an agreed scheme of voting and representation, against which thereafter no other body of commercial or industrial nature could have any objection. On the face of it, Mr. Tairsee's proposal read like a device to delay, a meaningless obstruction that could only be regarded as a counsel of despair for those who saw their powers and influence in the Chamber slipping from them. Probed a little more below the surface, Mr. Tairsee's amendment was definitely more democratic, one moreover which would have removed all friction and heart-burning in the entire commercial community. So long as such anomalies as special and separate electorates for communities

dia. There is, however, a tacit assumption in these recommendations that the Indians in South Africa are not entitled to compete with the Whites as equals in the land of their birth and must be transferred to some other soil. If this principle of racial discrimination is not resisted even from now, attempts may be made later to show that Indians have accepted the principle of colonization and that it only remains to find out suitable territory for colonizing.

Indians Not Wanted

The report makes much of the right of Indians to colonize. "From an economic point of view," it says, "India with her ever-growing population, has a right to seek outlets for her surplus population." But having recognised the right it restricts it within narrow limits by stating that "the appropriate field for Indian colonization must be sought in countries which are to a great extent still in a primitive state." One would have supposed that if India had the right to colonize undeveloped regions, she had a better right to settle in territory which her sons had helped for decades to develop. But the South African Committee denies this right, and lays down somewhat dictatorial: "It is too late in the day for India to become a competitor in colonization with the Western Powers in the more settled parts of the world." Our Special Correspondent at Simla reports that this statement is regarded by Indians there, both officials and non-officials, "as a veiled assertion that Indians are not wanted in those parts of the Empire which enjoy temperate climate and that, therefore, there is not the slightest intention of ever according equality to races, however progressive and civilised the latter may become." In pretending to help Indians to found fresh colonies the Union Government seems bent upon driving out of the Dominion even those Indians born there by denying them the equal rights which belong to them by virtue of domicile and civilisation. This policy of discrimination must be resisted at all cost. Fresh schemes of colonization should be considered without prejudice to the rights of Indians born in South Africa as full citizens of the Dominion.

or classes continue to disfigure the Indian constitution, perhaps this mode of widening the special and separate commercial franchise and electorate would have made the representation of the commercial community more broad-based and authoritative than is possible to say of the present pocket-borough of the Indian Merchants' Chamber. The representatives of Big Business in the Chamber have to thank themselves that the democratic tendency has at last asserted itself in no unmistakable form. For people who hold the Chamber in respect and reverence only so long as that body elects (?) them to important places in the country's constitution, but summarily refuse to have any but "personal capacity" the moment their fellow members at all dare to have an opinion for themselves and—still worse treason—dare to give expression to that opinion, can scarcely make an effective opposition to such tendencies of their age and the aspirations of their country.

For our part, we should have preferred to see the Chamber accepting Mr. Tairsee's amendment, and making the commercial constituency co-terminous with the entire organised commercial and industrial community. But the Chamber seems to have thought otherwise. As things stand now, the franchise will be extended, if the principle accepted is duly given effect to, to 25 associations, whose aggregate individual membership will raise the number of voters in this constituency from the present 500, in round terms, to 5,000, also in round terms. Mr. Tairsee's amendment, had it been given effect to, would have raised the figure to 30,000, if not much more. Still, even the present extension may be regarded as a welcome advance in the right direction. Only we trust the latitude left in the Committee to work out the details, or the loophole left for legal advice, will not

WORLD'S WRITERS WARNED AGAINST FASCISM

H. G. Wells Asks "Can We Feast While Men Are Tortured?"

(From Our Own Correspondent).

LONDON, June 23.

(By Air Mail).

"Suppose when we hold an entertainment, someone we would have liked to honour, had been waylaid and beaten up in the street. Can we go on feasting and say, 'This is nothing to do with us'? Can we hold a banquet and disregard the fact that there are mutilated bodies lying on the threshold?"

These were the searching questions of H. G. Wells, the famous novelist, in his presidential address to the International Congress of P.E.N. in Edinburgh on Monday.

P.E.N. is a world association of poets, dramatists, novelists and editors, and 400 writers, from 36 countries attended the Edinburgh Congress.

"I am very much of the opinion as was expressed last year," Mr. Wells said, "that literature, science and the arts of expression and statement are something more important than politics, something above politics. If we can, we want to avoid politics, altogether. But what if politics and police and soldiers lift themselves up and presume to lay hands on literature and science? What if they attack books? What if they attack science? Can the P.E.N. Club still remain serene and say it has nothing to do with politics? We cannot ignore it." (Continued on page 8.)

be utilised for a new display of obstructionist tactics. Mr. Mathuradas Vassonji, President of the Chamber, has left no doubt as to his hostility towards this resolution. It thus becomes a moot point of public ethics, whether the chief official of a public organisation should continue in office, while he is in such marked and clear opposition to the basic policy adopted by the organisation. Mr. Mathuradas may have, we make no question, genuine reasons for dreading this extension of the franchise, in the organisation over which he presides. To the hostility sounds little better than an echo of the opinions and attitude of those class-conscious big-wigs, who have in the past undermined the influence of the Indian commercial community by their decision to flout the considered judgment of that community as expressed through its constitutional organisation. It is possible to argue that under the new policy the special electoral rights accorded to this Chamber will no longer nominally remain in it; and that, therefore, such a move might be regarded as its death-knell. We do not, however, see how the Chamber's existence can be regarded as imperilled, or its influence threatened with extinction, merely because as a constituency for legislative elections, it is broadened and widened. We have, of course, reason to doubt the 'bona fides' of the policy of the existing Government; and, consequently, had doubts been expressed on the ground whether Government would give effect to this resolution, as intended by the Chamber, we might have found some weight and substance in those apprehensions. But the present attitude of the so-called Elders in this Church of Mammon is nothing but an expression of self-regarding fears for the decay of their own personal influence and weight with the powers-that-be. In these circumstances, it is impossible to sympathise in the least with the apprehensions and manoeuvres of these misfits in a modern democracy—the Elders of the Indian Merchants' Chamber.

The Chamber desires the Committee to present a complete scheme within two months. If the scheme takes so long to prepare, and has thereafter to be approved of by the Chamber as a whole, will it be possible to give effect to this extension in time for the next elections? Will not the disgruntled Elders stage another obstruction or attrition? Again, will the Chamber authorities take steps to secure, in the interval, the membership of those commercial and industrial associations, which are still not members of the Chamber? These are doubts and apprehensions, to which we trust those who have the good of the Chamber at heart will pay every attention, so as to render fruitful and beneficial the resolution, when it is actually carried out.

UNCALLED- : : FOR OFFICIAL: : INTRUSION: : :

(BY K. F. NARIMAN.)

The Provincial Executive sometimes treats even the premier Corporation in India as it were a mere department of Government under the direct guidance and control of an Executive head. The Minister and Executive Councillor and sometimes even the Governor, intrude into the civic affairs directly pertaining to the Municipality and entirely within the purview of the Corporation, as if they were part of their normal official functions, and the Corporation was but a subordinate branch of the same administration. Just as Whitehall often asserts its supreme authority over Simla and Delhi, by constantly issuing directions and mandates, so the local tin-gods of Malabar Hill or Mahabeshwar, send official and demi-official communications, giving gratuitous and unsought advice to the Mayor and Commissioner, as if they were their official subordinates bound to carry out the mandates of the superiors.

Veiled Threats

These communications are usually marked demi-official and are in the form of recommendations but made with an air of superiority and presumptuous wisdom, and coupled with a veiled threat, that if the advice and recommendation are not accepted, some of the expected crumbs will be withheld, or an anticipated patronage or favour will not be showered.

Mr. A. but yesterday, a budding lawyer in a remote District town or Mr. B., a contractor in another equally remote District, is suddenly and unexpectedly raised to administrative heights, far beyond his reach by sheer merit.

As if that ornamental Cabinet chair had magical powers automatically to transform any individual of mediocre abilities into a superman, these lucky gentlemen, immediately after the unexpected exaltation, assume an air of superiority and pose as guides, philosophers and friends to the rest of the Presidency in all conceivable matters. Imagining that these new high offices have 'ipso-facto' converted them into repositories of all wisdom, learning and experience, claiming sole monopolies for these rare qualities that they usually do not possess, they at once take steps to make their newly-acquired authority properly felt and understood, particularly in the Capital City, and start scribbling at the dictation of the Secretariat, in the usual official super-style: "To the Mayor or to the Municipal Commissioner." "I am directed by the Government of Bombay (Transferred Department)." . . .

Fit For W. P.

The communication coming from such high authority and sealed as a State document, immediately causes awe and inspires reverence, though the same stuff, coming from the same individual, stripped of official garb, would perhaps have been consigned straight to the waste-paper basket.

The letter number so and so is duly placed before the assembly of hundred and odd 'wise-men of Gotham' in the City-Temple, discussed and re-discussed, referred to a Sub-Committee and after tremendous waste of time, labour and energy, finally comes before the Corporation, with a thousand apologies for venturing to defer;

Bombay Government's Attempt To Dictate To The Corporation In Purely Civic Matters

and laboured attempts are made to explain and justify their point of view, taking great care to see that their humbly expressed disagreement should by no means be construed or misunderstood as defiance or disrespect; whereas the proper course should be to send a brief reply, straightway to the impudent script, asking the writers to mind their own business and first put their own disorder, and confused house in order, instead of wasting their and others' time, by proffering advice in matters beyond their comprehension.

A Glaring Case

A most glaring case of such un-called-for officious, official intrusion into municipal affairs is furnished by a recent communication from the Transferred Department of Government of Bombay to the Mayor.

In that amazing document, Government (i.e. the Indian Minister for Local Self-Government) records its emphatic protest against the policy of prohibition and temperance, adopted and pursued by the Municipal Corporation, so far as it lies within its limited power, though it can do but little directly, as the Excise policy is entirely under the control of Government. The humiliating farce of an Advisory Committee has luckily ended, in spite of solemn pledges given in the Council to end or at least mitigate the evil within a stipulated period, the traffic in drink shows no abatement, and instead of emulating the better example of the Corporation, Government wants to inflict and impose that foreign vice on the civic institution. (To Be Continued.)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

THE RISE OF TURKEY.

The importance of Turkey to Russia cannot be exaggerated. She is an Asiatic neighbour in contact with Soviet republics like the Armenian. She is also a valued customer having given to Russia the contract for supplying and installing all textile machinery in the country. Then Turkey is the most prominent party in the projected entente which a later message said, would include Persia, Syria, Iraq and Afghanistan also. If the present visit of Shah results, as there are unmistakable indications of it, in material success and the 'entente' eventually takes shape, then Turkey may well become the centre of Near and Middle Eastern diplomatic and political affairs. The appointment of Karakhan as the Soviet Ambassador in Turkey means that Russia realises all this. Karakhan is by far the best authority on the East and his transfer to Turkey is a compliment to Russia's farsightedness. It is also a tribute to the eminent position that Turkey is rapidly achieving.

ORTHODOX PATRIOTISM.

The All-Bengal Sanatanist Conference has done well to condemn the Poona outrage against Mahatma Gandhi. It could not have done less. Nor, of course, could it have done less than condemn all movements designed to reform Hindu Society. But it was an ill-considered statement which the President made when he said: "Swaraj at any cost is not our creed, for we know Swaraj is not worth having unless it is consistent with Swadharma." Thanks to the orthodox Sanatanists themselves they have forfeited much of their right to interpret correctly or represent Swadharma. But that apart, the statement implies, conversely, a plea for the continuance of British domination. Is it the orthodox case that the Swadharma of the Hindus is to be protected, in certain circumstances, by subjection to foreign domination?

WANTED EXPLANATION

As Government have still failed to lift the ban on various political organisations more or less intimately connected with the Congress, the question has arisen

what attitude the various Congress Committees concerned should take up in the matter. Sound advice has been given by the Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee in this connection. He says that, if any Congress Committee have reason to believe that Government have deliberately maintained the ban, they should refrain from applying to the authorities for any reconsideration of their policy but that if the continuance of the ban is believed to be due to inadvertence, the Committee may bring such cases to the notice of the authorities. That is the only honourable course for Congress Committees to follow, but Government owe some explanation to the public as to why they still continue their ban on various organisations which for all practical purposes are integral parts of the Congress and also on such organisations as the Youth Leagues, the Nationalist Muslim Party, the Nationalist Christian Party and the Parsi Rajkya Sabha.

URGENT ACTION NEEDED

From Mr. Bakhale's latest statement to the Press it appears that the millowners have appointed a sub-committee to examine the "Fact-Finding" report of the Bombay Government and that they are also preparing a scheme for the wage-cuts and standardisation of wages. Meanwhile some of the owners have already introduced wage-cuts which proceeding, as Mr. Bakhale points out, is contrary to their own undertaking. Government must see that millowners respect their word. Moreover, Mr. Bakhale has made out a conclusive case for the appointment of a Board of Conciliation or a Court of Enquiry with an independent and impartial personnel from whom Labour may get a square deal. The urgency of such a course is further strengthened by two facts: the millowners have almost completed a scheme and they are in the mood of victors who, they think, have smashed the spirit of the workers.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"And what is the extent of the responsibility which the White Paper proposes to transfer at the centre? What do you think of this for full-fledged democracy? The Ministers will have the spending of 20 to 25 per cent of

the Central revenues. They will not control defence and foreign affairs, which will be under the Governor-General. They will not without the Governor-General's permission be able to touch those thorny subjects of currency and exchange. They will not have the control of payments on account of loans the pay of the principal services or their pensions, and they will not have the administration of the railways. They will not be able to amend the constitution, and if they menace the interests which are to be specially committed to the Governor-General's charge they will find that he has ample resources of persuasion and of power to protect them."

—SIR JOHN P. THOMPSON.

Press Views

Betrayal Of Hinduism

A session of Bombay City and Suburban Hindu Mahasabha met in Bombay on Saturday and Sunday. Sir Govind Pradhan, Chairman of the Reception Committee, in his speech welcoming the delegates said that he could not understand why critics who saw nothing to object to in the Muslim communal political organisations, should profess to be horrified at similar organisations on behalf of Hindus. There is some misapprehension on this point. The disapproval of communal organisations of Hindus by eminent leaders in the past is due, not to their disregard of Hindu interests, but to their conviction of the responsibility of Hindus to care for the interests of all minorities, some of whom would not have sought asylum in this country but for the protection assured to them by immemorial Indian policy. If the minorities or any of them want to shift for themselves, they are of course, entitled to do so. But Hindus, if they are true to their tradition, are under an obligation for all time to look after the interests of minorities as their own and, as a corollary, to resist with all their strength encroachments on the principle of equal citizenship for all. Compromise in this matter is betrayal of the historic purpose of Hinduism.—Indian Social Reformer.



"Most of the rebels" says a Berlin message, "met death bravely, some wept, but none asked for mercy."

They didn't because they knew as well as the death-dealers that poor mercy had been murdered long ago.

Enquiries go to show that rumours about President von Hindenburg's illness are without foundation. He is keeping fairly good health for his age. Which proves beyond doubt that he was not involved in the plot against Hitler. For, otherwise he would have been stricken with very grave illness indeed.

Hindenburg, says a Paris paper, threatened to resign but was dissuaded from doing so by the ex-Crown Prince until he had conferred with Herr Hitler.

The President had better not, for the simple reason that Hindenburg is not Schach!

According to Mr. Smith's report the total of crime for the year 1933 is the lowest since 1912, and, says Bori Bundar, "the Commissioner rightly compliments all ranks on so notable a record."

Qualite. But don't would-have-been criminals too deserve congratulations. We think so.

Under the heading "Congress Leaders Leave Bombay" the "Times of India" mentions the name of Doctor B. S. Moonje.

Our contemporary ought to be grateful that Congress doesn't go to court, otherwise it would probably have been compelled to apologise and pay Rs. 10,000 by way of damages.

Gandhiji is stated to be anxious to avoid any action that may adversely affect the Council entry programme, provided the Government release political prisoners.

A deputation of non-Congress candidates to Government is obviously indicated.

A Delhi conference calls upon Government to realise the serious implications of the attack on Gandhiji's life and leave no stone unturned in unearthing the conspiracy.

But hasn't the police duly offered a reward of a thousand rupees already?

The Bengal Sanatanists believe that the policy of non-interference with religion and religious and social customs was best calculated to preserve Law and Order.

In the name of Law and Order we call upon Government.

(1) To withdraw the Act making it illegal for an old man of 80 to marry a young girl of 8.

(2) To repeal the Law against the right of a widow to burn herself alive on the funeral pyre of the husband and

(3) To beware of the grave dangers that are sure to beset the State if mass sacrifice of animals is prohibited.

A deputation of British Jews called on the Colonies Secretary and demanded increased immigration of Jews into Palestine. The Secretary of State gave a sympathetically non-committal answer but promised to send to the High Commissioner "a full account of the interview."

Meanwhile Lord Willingdon armed with two Muslim memoranda—one from the beloved Muslim conference, the other from Khilafatists—is unfortunately too full of pre-occupations. By and by, however, he will charge upon Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lister provided (a) he has not forgotten all about it and (b) has not mislaid the weapons.

Any way there will be nothing doing in the result. You may put your shirt on it.

An express train—the first for two years—between Peking and Mukden was bombed and an Englishman killed, says a report from Tokyo.

Demands for compensation will, we hope, be handed in at Nanking by:

(1) Britain, because the poor victim was an Englishman.

(2) Japan, because the outrage could not but have been aimed at the Japanese, and

(3) America, because to be deprived of compensation would amount to discrimination in favour of 1 and 2.

Two roughs were having a real set-to and both were beginning to show signs of wear. At this stage one of the onlookers thought it was time somebody put a stop to it and dashed off for a policeman. He found one just round the corner.

"I say, officer," he gasped, "you're wanted—there's a fight on!"

"That's all right," said the policeman. "I've been watching them for the last ten minutes, and if I leave them alone for a bit more they'll be easier to handle."

metals, chemicals and luxuries have been increased but the extent of increase at present is not known.—Reuter.

Readers' Views

Medical Inspection In Municipal Schools

To the Editor, of "The Chronicle"—Sir—It appears that some members of the Schools Committee are busy submitting proposals for making up the deficit budget by effecting cuts and reductions in its several departments. One such proposal is to abolish altogether the medical inspection department which looks after the physical education of the children attending the municipal schools. Nobody who is conversant with the detailed administration of the Bombay Schools Committee will seriously question that there is a good deal of scope for effecting good deal of economy in its several departments and that if serious and sincere efforts are directed it will not be difficult to maintain and restore equilibrium in the Schools Committee's finances, but the intended proposal to abolish altogether the institution of medical inspection on the score of economy and financial stringency is an absolutely ill-advised step and I hope the Schools Committee and the Corporation in the interests of the health of the schoolgoing children will not countenance this move.

The Bombay Municipality is the pioneer municipality in introducing the system of medical inspection in its primary schools about 17 years ago. The subject-matter was several times discussed in the Corporation and after mature consideration it was ultimately decided by the Corporation to recommend its adoption by the Schools Committee. This system is working most successfully from the beginning of its career and from the reports published from time to time by the Schools Committee one could see that several hundred students have been benefited thereby. In this connection, it may be noted that in addition to the medical inspection of the school children, poor children are also treated in the Schools Committee's special clinic attached to the King Edward Memorial Hospital. During the last three years about 7,000 children were attended to in this Hospital and about 250 operations were performed. I do not propose to go in detail into many other useful activities performed by this institution but suffice it to say that as a result of the introduction of this system,

the health of the school children has considerably improved in face of this indication of the immense useful service rendered by this institution it is rather strange that some members should consider to abolish it altogether in the name of economy. After all a paltry sum of about Rs. 32,000 per annum is spent over this department and compared to the extremely satisfactory results it cannot be said that the Schools Committee is spending anything extravagant over this department.

Recently some interpellations were put in the Corporation concerning the employment of floating teachers and it was admitted by the Executive that about 275 teachers were engaged, which number was more than prescribed by the rules of the Schools Committee. Some explanation was given for this apparent contravention of the governing rules, which was far from satisfactory. This shows that there is ample scope for economy in departments other than medical inspection and I hope having regard to the useful service rendered by this institution for the promotion of the health of the children, both the Schools Committee and the Corporation will deprecate the contemplated move for the abolition of the Medical Inspection Department.—Yours etc.,

ONE IN THE KNOW.

An Explanation

To the Editor, of "The Chronicle"—Sir—With reference to your remarks on page 4 of your paper of date regarding "surprise" for those who went to the meeting, I have to draw your attention to the fact that the meeting in question was organised on Saturday evening and not on Sunday. The announcement regarding the same was published in other papers except the "Free Press Journal" on Saturday and even the report of the meeting was published in one of the leading Marathi dailies viz., "Navakal" on Sunday. I shall be highly obliged if you will publish this letter in your to-morrow's paper so that misunderstanding will not be created in the eyes of the public.—Yours, etc.,

KANVINDE P. R.

Hon. Secretary,
Indian Literary Association,
199, Madan House,
Kandewadi Bombay,
July 2.

"W. P. ACCEPTABLE TO NONE"

Safeguards Mere Scraps, Says Sir C. Jehangir

SHOLAPUR June 30. Delivering a lecture last night on the subject of "How we can best serve our country at the present juncture," at a big meeting convened by the local branch of the Western India National Liberal Federation, with Mr. M. S. Sirdar, Bar-at-Law in the chair, Sir Cowasji Jehangir (Jr.) after condemning the despicable attempt on the life of Gandhiji, congratulated him on his escape and urged every one to follow Gandhiji's advice to control language.

He remarked that Gandhiji's advice was not meant for any one particular school of thought but was meant for all alike.

Then turning to the White Paper, Sir Cowasji stated that it was not acceptable to any party. So, the British Indian Delegation had submitted a Joint Memorandum to the Joint Parliamentary Committee suggesting amendments and if these amendments were accepted the new constitution would be acceptable to eighty five per cent of political minded persons in the country. Proceeding further he observed even if there be those safeguards, these would be mere scraps of papers provided the ministers were worth their salt. He regretted the delay in issuing report of Joint Parliamentary Committee.

Incidentally he referred to the epithet of "Job hunters" with which the Liberals were at times described by certain writers and humourously remarked that he could not but come to the conclusion that the writers themselves must be some disappointed job hunters.—A. P.

BOMB NOT FOR GANDHIJI?

POONA, July 2. A meeting was convened by the Mahatraya Mandal last evening to congratulate Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar who was injured in

the Poona bomb incident on Monday last.

Mr. N. C. Kelkar presided. Mr. Bhopatkar in a short speech is reported to have stated that the bomb was not intended for Gandhiji as it was thrown before he was due to arrive in the municipal hall.—A. P.

SANATANISTS MOBILISE

LAHORE, July 2. The Sanatan Dharma Pratinidhi Mahasabha, Rawalpindi, a body of orthodox Sanatanists of the Punjab owing allegiance to the All India Varnashrama Swaraj Sangh, Bombay, is understood to have circularised all affiliated Sabhas to muster strong at Lahore when Gandhiji arrives here on July 12 in order to express resentment at his Harijan activities. A Jatha of Rawalpindi volunteers led by a Pandit of this party is expected to reach Lahore on the day of Gandhiji's arrival.

On the contrary the Sanatan Dharma Political League of the Punjab at its recent meeting held at Lahore decided to present a separate purse and address to Gandhiji and preparations in this connection are progressing.—A. P.

(Continued from col. 7).

recognised these plain clothes men and left the place.

Deputy Inspector Karnik denied that he had visited "old sutta gully" in the company of Inspector Raje or that he had accompanied the Inspector when the latter paid a visit to the Indo-Foreign Cotton Association.

WARRANT AND 'PANCHAS'. Mr. Khairaz appearing for Narvaral, asked Deputy Inspector Karnik, whether he had shown the warrant to the 'panchas'?

Witness said that he had done so.

Q.—Did you get the 'Panchas' to sign it?—No.

Some of the other accused contended that the chits and papers alleged to have been found on them were in fact found on the ground and not their persons. These statements had been recorded in the 'panchnama'.

Further hearing of the case was adjourned to Monday 11-30 a.m.

POLICE INFORMANT'S NAME NEED NOT BE DISCLOSED

(Continued from page 12).

wadi" and wanted to know from the witness what was meant by "about fifteen feet."

Witness:—It means about fifteen feet.

What do you mean by about fifteen feet? Does it mean sixteen feet?—No it does not mean sixteen feet, it may be something more than fifteen feet.

I put it to you this way. Supposing I have about five rupees may mean that I may have Rs. 5/8 or 5/12 which is quite indefinite?—Yes.

Supposing one of your constables arrested a man at 18 feet towards Vithalwadi?—It would not be a legal arrest.

Have you heard one of the accused in this Court No. 118, say that he was dragged out of a shop which is considerably further than 15 feet from the gate?—No.

You were present in Court and I think you have heard him?—Yes, I heard him. I thought you asked me if I was told about it.

Suppose your constable had dragged that man from his shop, then would you consider such an arrest reasonable?—I had put a cordon and the constables cannot go beyond the cordon.

Is the wording of the warrant explained to the sepoys before the raid?—No.

INDEFINITE OR DEFINITE. Do you not think it proper to do so?—It is not our practice to do so.

Will you tell the court your own idea of 15 feet?—Witness pointed out the distance in the court.

"We will measure the distance later" remarked Mr. Horniman after the witness's answer.

Do you admit that the words "about 15 feet" is indefinite?—It is somewhere between 15 feet and 18 feet. It cannot be indefinite.

At the same time it is not definite?—I have not followed you. (Laughter).

Mr. Horniman explained the question, when witness repeated that the words in the warrant did not mean 15 feet definitely but he persisted in saying that they were not indefinite.

Mr. Horniman: I want to get a definite answer, whether the description in the Warrant is definite or indefinite? (Laughter).

This Warrant says about 15 feet and you say that is not an exact description, and at the same time you say it is not indefinite?—Witness did not answer the question.

Will you tell me what comes in between definite and indefinite?—I have told you about 15 feet is not definitely 15 feet. That is all.

Witness said that he gave instructions to the draughtsman to draw the plan of Old Sutta Gully but he did not show him the wording of the Warrant.

He did not tell him to mark Vithalwadi in the plan, but asked him to show Telwadi.

Can you tell me why Telwadi is not mentioned in the Warrant?—That was the idea given to me by the informant.

To further questions witness said that he was not well acquainted with the locality where the raid was carried out but admitted that if one proceeded further from Vithalwadi he would go on Shiek Memon Street.

MR. HORNIMAN'S RETORT. Mr. Manker interrupting said that Vithalwadi abutted on Shiek Memon Street.

Mr. Horniman: Why does the learned prosecutor help the witness?

Mr. Manker: I am not helping the witness I am telling the Court. I do not know why Mr. Horniman should be troubled over this.

Mr. Horniman retorted: Let me assure the Police Prosecutor that I am not in the least troubled over this case. Everything is going on nicely as far as I am concerned. But I do not want you to make any suggestions to the witness.

Mr. Horniman: The warrant says "Leading to Vithalwadi and with its junction with Shiek Memon Street". Can you explain what this means?—It means the old Sutta Gully with its junction with Shiek Memon Street.

If I say to you that the proposition "it" must grammatically refer to the word immediately preceding it namely Vithalwadi, do you say that I am wrong?—I say it refers to old Sutta Gully.

It must refer to Vithalwadi, but if you say that you did not write the warrant grammatically, I can understand?—I wrote down the warrant according to the information of my informant.

Anyone reading it will assume that "its junction with Shiek Memon Street" refers to Vithalwadi?—I don't think so. If you want I will explain you.

Mr. Horniman: I am not concerned with your explanation. Mr. Manker is there and you can give all your explanations to him. (Laughter).

A number of questions were also put to witness as to whether the Old Sutta Gully was a private or public street.

The witness admitted that it was a public street as defined in

the Police Act but as the property where the raid was carried out belonged to one Tarachand Ganshyamdas a Warrant was obtained. He admitted there were a number of shops in the lane and also many houses and people used to frequent the place. He found the place crowded in the evenings and nights but not so in the mornings. The latter he found out when he visited the place with the draughtsman one morning after the raid.

Can you tell me that the Indo Foreign Cotton Association as far as you know is not a gambling association?—I do not know anything about it.

Do you know at the time you were carrying on the raid gambling was going on just outside the place?—No.

Can you tell me why those members of the Indo Foreign Cotton Association threw away their passes?—I do not know.

They must have done so because it might incriminate them?—I cannot say why they threw away their passes.

Have you never had any information?—No.

I put it to you at the time you carried the raid gambling was going on in the other lanes in the locality.

The police prosecutor objected.

RELEVANT QUESTION. The magistrate thought it may be relevant for the purpose of Mr. Horniman's defence because he remembered Mr. Horniman having stated that he was present in the Old Sutta Gully for other reasons. The objection was overruled.

Mr. Horniman repeated the question whether the witness knew that gambling was openly carried in other lanes at the time of the raid. Witness replied in the negative.

In further cross-examination witness denied that he knew Meghji Bidwala.

Do you know about fifteen days there was a raid on Meghji Bidwala premises carried out by Deputy Inspector Littlewood?—He arrested some men outside his shop at Shamsheet Street. Witness has not heard of a man called Surajmal?

Do you know that gambling goes on at night in the compound Mumbadevi Temple?—Once I had information and I raided the place on June 11.

Did you arrest anybody called Surajmal?—No.

Do you know anything about a man Shankar Mithalwala?—There was one man named Ramwadi by that name. I picked four of men.

You picked out his men and did you drop them? (Laughter).

Do you know a man named Abu Lakdawalla who has previous convictions and has a gambling shop in the Sutta Gully?—I have heard that a fellow named n Abu Lakdawalla carries on gambling there, but I don't know this personally.

PRIVATE LANE. Q.—In your opinion it is a private lane? It is a private property and the Police have no right to arrest anybody.

Q.—Who is the owner? Ghan-shamdas Tarachand.

Q.—Is it an extraordinary fact that no Bookmaker was arrested? There are some persons arrested who were Bookmakers.

Q.—Do you know who arrested me?—I do not know. I found out later from Sub-Inspector Desai.

Q.—You know nothing about my arrest?—No.

Q.—You know nothing about how I was handled? No.

Q.—Nor anything about the bail?—No.

NEVER HEARD OF BHAOU. Witness then denied that he knew that at the time this raid was being carried out open gambling was going on in other lanes in the locality. He did not know a man called Meghji Bidwala and had never heard of him. He did not know and had never heard of Surajmal, Shankar Mithalwala and Abu Lakdawalla.

And Mr. Karnik, asked Mr. Horniman, you have never heard of Bhagwandas Laxmidas known as "Bhagu"?

Witness: No I have not heard of him.

Q.—You say the normal procedure was not followed? Yes.

Q.—I put it to you that the normal procedure is that plain clothes constables are sent to watch the suspected place for some days? Not necessarily.

Q.—And then you send a bogus punter?—Yes.

Q.—I put it to you that you were in a great hurry to get the warrant?—No. Inspector Raje ordered me at 4 p.m. to get the warrant.

Q.—You did not do anything for so long although you knew "sutta" gambling was going on in Old Sutta Gully till April 28?—No. On April 28 I had an informant.

Q.—During your time was there any raid in Old Sutta Gully No.

Q.—You have not raided any portion of Sutta Gully or any place covered by this warrant? No.

Q.—I put it to you that this

raid was carried out to trap Mr. Horniman? No.

Q.—I put it to you that more than one warrant was kept ready for this purpose? No.

Q.—I put it to you that you never showed the warrant to anyone? I showed it to those who wanted to see it.

This concluded the cross-examination of Deputy Inspector Karnik by Mr. B. G. Horniman.

Cross-examined by Mr. Fazal G. R. Khairaz: The witness said that he came to know that accused (No. 2) Mr. S. Raghavan, was the Secretary of Mr. B. G. Horniman. He was not aware that the accused was there on professional duty.

Slips Of Paper Produced. The witness was then asked to produce the slips of paper found on Mr. Raghavan. Witness read out the notes on the slip. These notes were names of persons mentioned by Mr. B. G. Horniman, as persons alleged to be tacking betting openly.

Mr. Khairaz: Who are book-makers?—They are persons found with books and slips.

Q.—You said that Inspector Raje had asked you to wait for five minutes?—Yes.

Q.—I put it to you that Inspector Raje asked you to wait as he expected certain persons to clear out?—I don't know.

Q.—I also put it to you that you were asked to delay the raid as Mr. Horniman was in the Indo-Foreign Cotton Association?—I don't know.

Q.—I also put it to you that the raid was arranged in consequence of certain information received that Mr. Horniman was there?—No.

Mr. Khairaz then asked the witness some questions on the bail that was fixed for Mr. Raghavan.

The accused then were given an opportunity to cross-examine the witness. Some questions were asked by them.

Was Cordon Formed? Joosub Khamisa one of the accused asked Deputy Inspector Karnik whether it was not a fact that when Mr. B. G. Horniman entered the Old Sutta Gully, the police formed a cordon a few yards behind him and pushed all the people in the street into the Gully and arrested them all. The officer denied that he knew any thing about it as he was not at that point.

Accused Withdraws Plea. Of Guilty. Ahmed Ismail (the accused who had presented an application pleading guilty to the charge and made serious allegations against Mr. Horniman at the last hearing) withdrew his plea of guilty and to-day cross-examined Deputy Inspector Karnik. He asked if it was not a fact that the chits alleged to have been found on him were written in English? The officer replied "No".

The Magistrate after perusing the chits observed that two of them were written in English.

Magistrate to witness:—Why do you say they are not written in English?—I am sorry, Sir. Two chits are in English.

Ahmed Ismail asked the officer whether it was not a fact that these chits were given to him by the police to be held in his hand when he was placed before the panchas? Witness said that he did not know anything about it.

PREPARATION OF WARRANT. Cross-examined by Mr. Vyas, the officer said that he had prepared a warrant before he went to the Deputy Commissioner of Police.

Q.—Then the warrant was filled in before the sworn testimony was made to the Deputy Commissioner of Police?—Yes.

Q.—Do you know that a warrant is to be held in his hand after the sworn affidavit has been made to the Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner?—I don't know that.

Q.—Are you prepared to contradict me when I say that the warrant could be filled in only after the sworn affidavit has been made before the Deputy Commissioner or the Commissioner of Police?—The particulars are written from the sworn testimony of the informant.

Q.—So that it would be improper to fill in the form first?—But that has been the practice followed by us to fill in the form first.

Q.—Why did you fill in the particulars?—That is the practice I have followed in all cases in which I have obtained the warrant.

SIGNED BY INFORMANT. Proceeding the witness said that the statement which is made by the informant is taken down by the Deputy Commissioner in writing and is not signed by the informant.

Mr. Vyas at this stage asked the witness to produce the statement. The officer said that the statement was not with him but with the Deputy Commissioner of Police.

Mr. Vyas: Who is your informant?—I can't tell you.

Magistrate: Why not. I think

WORLD'S WRITERS WARNED OF FASCISM

(Continued From Page 6)

more these things. When politics reach up and assault literature and the liberty of human thought and expression, we have to take notice of politics."

We Must Fight. Mr. Wells referred to a play, bearing on the present German situation, which the Lord Chamberlain had refused to license for London. "Was the P.E.N. Club going to do anything about that? My own bias is all for fighting on all such points," said Mr. Wells, "but let us keep our heads clear. To fight against the slavery of literature by political authority is one thing, to take sides in a political fight is quite another. The P.E.N. can have no justification for associating itself as a society with anybody or school of thought. If National Socialism or Fascism invade the liberties of thought or literature, P.E.N. must oppose National Socialism or Fascism, but it must fight on that issue." Mr. Wells spoke on P.E.N.'s breach with the Nazi organisation.

The Berlin P.E.N. Club had expelled or excluded writers because they were Jews, Communists, Pacifists and men who, like Plato and Jesus Christ, betrayed Communist tendencies," said Mr. Wells. "There could be no disputing the issue. Either the P.E.N. Club had to abandon all its pretensions to catholicity or it had to break with Berlin. Our hope is that, sooner or later, a situation may be restored in which we may deal with a renewed German P.E.N. Club representing all shades of German thought with a centre again on German soil." Mr. Wells said an Austrian correspondent had told him that the libraries there had been purged of noxious books.

"What are we going to do about that?" he asked. "Shall we fight on this issue or pass by on the other side?"

A sharp difference of opinion between an Italian and a Belgian writer caused an incident in which each heatedly addressed the other at the second day's sitting of the Conference. The danger of irritating German officialdom by protesting against the treatment of writers in that country had been referred to by a Hungarian delegate, Mr. Julius Gernemus. "We wish to do good service to the exiled writers from Germany, but we shall not do so by irritating German officialdom by our protests," he said.

"As the Nazis cannot punish P.E.N., they will no doubt punish the exiled writers, and their case will be worse than ever. It would be more practical if we helped the exiled writers by giving opportunities to them of publishing their works, if not in Germany in other countries, and by drawing the attention of the large public to their literary work."

"Avoid Politics." Signor Marinetti, of Italy, suggested in an impassioned speech, in French, that P.E.N. should avoid politics. "In Italy," he said, "especially in the P.E.N. Club, we are delighted to accept writers, both Fascists and those who though not Fascists are sympathetic to Fascism. The general spirit of Italy at the present moment is literary and artistic."

Referring to a resolution proposed by Ernest Raymond, viewing

with apprehension the continual attempts to encroach upon liberty of expression and affirming its belief that the necessary advance of the world towards a more highly organised political and economic order renders free criticism of administration and institutions imperative, he suggested that that should only apply in certain cases.

"Land of Sheep." Signor Marinetti was opposed by M. Louis Pierard, of Belgium, who said: "We all know that Italy is a land of sheep and that the wolves are everywhere else but Italy. But we cannot leave out of our consideration the writers of Germany, Russia and Austria. We want the literature of all those great and noble countries, and we cannot forget that one Italian writer, Croce, had his house surrounded and his books taken away."

At this point Signor Marinetti sprang to his feet and shouted: "It is not true!" M. Pierard, turning to the Italian delegate, demanded: "Is it true that the former secretary of the Italian P.E.N. Club was obliged to go into exile? That four others were attacked and one young writer in fleeing to another country fell into the sea like Icarus?" "We are all out for liberty and freedom of expression. We avoid politics, but we stick to principles. This world association of writers must be based on principles, the first of which is a love for peace and a desire to fight against war."

Signor Marinetti rushed to the platform, and, leaning towards M. Pierard, shook his fingers in his face, and again denied M. Pierard's allegation with regard to Signor Croce.

Later, the President for the day, M. Curcen, of Yugo-Slavia, said: "It is perfectly true what M. Pierard said about Croce. I have documentary evidence about it."

Miss Henrietta Leslie, the English writer, said: "I would like to ask Signor Marinetti one question. We are agreed that it is unwise, and outside our scope, to deal with politics, but why does the Italian P.E.N. exclude anti-Fascists? Fascism or anti-Fascism is purely a political matter and in no way concerns a writer's literary standing."

A Wordy Duel. Considerable excitement was caused by a wordy battle between M. Beniamin Cremlieux, a French delegate, and M. Marinetti. The chairman had to call them both to order.

Eventually a vote was taken on Mr. Ernest Raymond's resolution, Rumania and South Africa abstained. Italy voted against it, and all the other countries voted in favour.

A suggestion by M. Parandowski on the possibility of establishing a P.E.N. Club in Russia was referred to the executive committee.

A resolution calling for the release of German writers now in prison or concentration camps was read to the Congress by Ernst Toller, the German dramatist. "Every day," he said, "we hear of new outrages, cruelties, and oppressions, while the misery of millions steadily increases. Tens of thousands of emigrants are going up and down the world without destination and without hope."

Witness said that Havildar Tawde had not brought any accused to him although he had participated in the arrest. The officer was not in a position to say whether he had shown the warrant to the accused.

The raid on that night lasted for about 25 minutes and by 10-20 p.m. all the arrested persons were in the cordon.

BEFORE THE RAID. Witness had seen some persons sitting in a tea shop before the raid. The officer said that he was not aware of these persons being dragged out of the shop an hour after the raid had taken place.

Q.—Have you seen how "sutta" betting is carried on?—I have not done any betting myself.

Q.—But you must have observed how betting is carried on?—Yes, but the people there can easily recognise a Police Officer.

Q.—How is it that although you moved in the vicinity for 40 minutes prior to the raid, you were not recognised?—I was in multi and away from the Gully.

Continuing his evidence, the officer said that 8 or 10 constables were sent into the Gully to watch. It is possible, he stated that the gamblers would have

(Continued in Col. 2).



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THE MAYORAL TANGLE

Govt. Order Permits Fresh Meeting Of Calcutta Corporation

CALCUTTA, June 29.—"Government have now been given to understand that there is a general desire on the part of all sections of the Corporation that, if facilities can be provided for the holding of a further meeting to elect a Mayor and a Deputy Mayor, any repetition of the proceedings such as, rendered the meeting of May 17, last abortive, should be avoided. It is upon this understanding that Government have decided to issue the second order enclosed herewith to enable the Corporation to hold a meeting for this purpose," states the letter of the Secretary, Local Self-Government Department, Bengal to the Chief Executive Officer Calcutta Corporation.

PRESIDENTS.

The letter continues: "In this order Government have provided for the separate choice of a person to preside at the later stages of the meeting. Government understand that there are precedents in the past practice of the Corporation for the adoption of this procedure; but I am to point out that if, after the making of the oath of affirmation of allegiance, it should be ascertained to be the desire of a majority of the members present, both elected and nominated, including those who have made the said oath or affirmation, that the person called to the Chair at the outset should continue to preside throughout the election of the Mayor and Deputy Mayor, there is nothing in the Government order to preclude the adoption of this course."

GOVERNMENT'S ORDER.
The following order of the Government of Bengal in the Ministry of Local Self-Government accompanied the above letter:—

"Whereas the Government of Bengal (Ministry of Local Self-Government) by their Order No. 3287M, dated May 11, 1934, gave certain directions to the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923:

And whereas the Government consider that the proceedings at the said meeting were not in conformity with law:

Now, therefore, the said Government, in exercise of the power provided by the said section, annul the proceedings at the said meeting; and, in order to secure conformity with law direct under the said section that the following things shall be done, namely:

A meeting of the said Corporation, to be convened by the Executive Officer, thereof, shall be held on July 4, 1934; and shall transact the following items of business in the following order, namely:—

(1) The designation of a person to preside at the transaction of items of business (2) and (3).

(2) The making of the oath or affirmation of allegiance under section 38 of the said act by any Councillors or Aldermen who have not already made the same before, the 10th April, 1934.

(3) The choice, under sub-section (2) of section 62 of the said Act, by the Councillors and Aldermen present at the meeting (including those who have made the oath or affirmation under item (2), of one of their number to preside at the transaction of item of business (4) hereinafter set forth; and

(4) The election of a Mayor and Deputy Mayor.—United Press.

ADVENT OF BUDDHISM

Ceylon Celebrates "Poson"

COLOMBO, June 30.—The introduction of Buddhism to Ceylon from India was celebrated yesterday throughout the Island with the usual ceremonial grandeur. The festival which is known as "Poson" is of special significance to India, for it commemorates the introduction of Lord Buddha's Dharma to this Island in 307 B. C. by the Prince priest Mahinda of India, the son of King Dharmasoka. The worn out steps leading to the Vihare at Nuhintale where Mahinda settled down to preach his new religion help to perpetuate the story connected with this historic event.

The rock on which Mahinda slept and that on which he meditated have survived the ages and still stands as a monument to the religious zeal of the pious son of a pious king.

The main centre of the celebrations yesterday was Anurodhapura and Mihintale, the scene of the labours of the royal missionary. In Colombo the occasion is celebrated from recent years with a mammoth procession.—United Press.

DECREASE OF CRIME IN CEYLON

Theft Cases Lowest On Record Since Five Years

COLOMBO, July 2.—That there is a marked decrease of detected crime in Ceylon is revealed in the quarterly report of the Deputy-Inspector-General of Ceylon, just available. A feature of the report is that the number of murders committed is less than half, compared with a similar period in 1933. There was only one case of gang robbery committed, as against six last year. There was a marked decrease in theft, the lowest recorded for the last five years.

Murder has been heaviest in Colombo (12 cases), Kurnnegala (10 cases) and Jaffna (cases). As usual murders were perpetrated chiefly by the use of the knife.—United Press.

PORCELAIN FACTORY FOR TRIVANDRUM

TRIVANDRUM, June 28.

A scheme is under the consideration of the Travancore Government to establish a Porcelain factory attached to the Pottery Section in the School of Arts and to develop the Pottery Section itself. The manufacture of Porcelain articles, it is considered, will be a success here as the best quality of Kaoline (China Clay) is available in large quantities in Travancore near Quilon.

Travancoreans qualified to run the department are also available as two students from Travancore are studying in the Hindu University Benares, one metal enamelling and the other ceramics in the Ceramic Section.—A. P.

CEYLON GOVT. OPTIMISTIC

Hopes To Balance Budget For Next Financial Year

COLOMBO, July 2.—It is understood that the Government of Ceylon will be able to balance the Budget of Ceylon, for the next financial year, without any anxiety. It is also very likely that there will be a surplus of 20 million rupees, although the estimated revenue and expenditure are said to be far in excess of those of the past years.

The Budget will be presented in the State Council at the end of July.—United Press.

COURT CLERK ARRESTED

Charged With Burning Of Govt. Property

BASIM, July 2.—Anwiker, a civil court clerk in charge of copying work has been arrested for alleged burning of Government property and embezzlement of Government money.

It is said that one big wooden Almirah was a few days ago, found reduced to ashes. In the beginning it was taken to be the result of an accidental fire, but subsequent inquiries revealed some bad motive.

R. B. G. B. De the District Judge also paid a surprise visit and immediately suspended Anwiker. A report was sent to the Police who lost no time in arresting the clerk for the alleged offences.

The investigations is not yet complete and many surprising disclosures are expected. The arrest of a Government servant has created a sensation.—United Press.

STUDENTS FIGHT WITH LATHIS

One Seriously Injured In Rawalpindi College Fracas

RAWALPINDI, June 29.—A fracas between two parties of students of a local College this morning near the College Square resulted in one being seriously injured and several persons sustaining slight injuries.

It is stated that trouble had been brewing between them for some time and matters came to a head this morning when there was a clash in which lathis are alleged to have been used.

The matter is under investigation.—A. P.

ACCOUNTANT'S APPEAL DISMISSED

LAHORE, June 30.

Mr. Justice Duleep Singh and Mr. Justice Beckett of the Lahore High Court have dismissed the appeal of Mr. Hiranmanak, accountant of a Lahore Bank, and his wife, against the order of the sub-judge who dismissed their suit for damages arising from a dust storm four years ago.

The dust storm blew in the summer of 1930. It blew off a tin shed from the top of a flat on Moolchand Building, Nila Gumbaz, Lahore. The plaintiffs who lived in another flat in the same building complained that the tin shed had landed on their roof and caused injuries. They claimed Rs. 11,000 as damages. The sub-judge held that injuries were an act of God and that no one was responsible for them.

Their Lordships upheld the view and dismissed the appeal.—A. P.

BEHIND POONA OUTRAGE

Deshbandhu Gupta's Suspicion

NEW DELHI, June 28.—Deshbandhu Gupta in a signed article published in the "Daily Tej" commenting on the dastardly attempt on Mahatma's life at Poona, strongly suspects some deep-rooted conspiracy behind the outrage.

He says, the attempt, does not seem to him to be so simple and spontaneous and he would not be surprised if a section of India's political enemies had something to do with it. He calls upon the Government to leave no stone unturned in unearthing the conspiracy.

He also calls upon Pt. Malaviya and other Sanatanist leaders to exert themselves fully in tracing out, if there was any hidden hand beneath these successive attacks of such wild and organised character against the greatest of living men.—A. P.

DACOITIES IN MEERUT DIST.

DELHI, June 30.

News has been received of a few armed dacoities in police circle Khekra (Meerut district). Some villagers are reported to have received gun-shot wounds. Police are investigating.—A. P.

CYCLONE HAVOC IN RANGOON

RANGOON, July 2.

As a result of a cyclone accompanied by heavy rains at Wake-ma, three persons were injured, several buildings damaged, trees uprooted and electric wires torn down.—A. P.



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Scattered Buying In New York Cotton

ADVANCE MEETING LIQUIDATION

No Serious Damage To Texas Crop

OPERATORS AWAIT ACREAGE REPORT Week-End Weather Favourable Over Western Belt

Bombay, July 2. On Saturday the New York cotton futures market was quiet but firm in the absence of any important selling influenced by unfavourable weather. There was increased speculative support but later prices declined partially on realising.

CROP SITUATION
Absence of rain in Texas influenced speculative buying but so far no important damage is done to the crop. The future course entirely depends upon weather and if we get good soaking rains, the crop outlook in Texas will show considerable improvement while continuance of the present adverse weather is feared to cause serious damage. It is too early to form any definite opinion regarding the near future of the market. There is a general feeling to await the official acreage report which will be issued on Monday the 9th July and the same will be received there at night on the same day. The New York market will remain closed on the 4th July.

WEATHER MARKET
At the moment, it is a weather market which will guide the trend of prices. Pending the acreage report there may be some irregular movement, but we think it safe to leave on the Bull side awaiting crop developments.

NEW YORK MARKET
The New York cotton futures market opened at a rise of 3 points on Saturday on higher Liverpool advices. Continuance of unfavourable weather influenced increased speculative support and a net rise of 13 points was recorded during the first hour, October reaching the highest level 12.48. At this level there was increased long liquidation and prices declined 8 points from the highest level. The market closed fairly steady at a net rise of 7 to 9 points. Middling American spot cotton prices were raised 10 points to 12.50c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET
The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 6 to 8 points. Spot cotton prices closed 8 points higher at 12.36c per lb.

REUTER'S WEEKLY REVIEW
During the week under review prices reached new high levels for the present movement on trade and commission house buying due to increasing uneasiness of the crop outlook. The continuance of hot and dry weather in the Southwest brought in crop complaints. The weather in the Eastern belt was more favourable but the Central belt seems to be relatively in the best condition. However, boll-weep infestation is reported to be heavy both in the Central and Eastern sections. The South offered more freely above 12 cent level and it is reported that between one-third and one-half of the cotton originally held under the ten cent loan plan has been sold.

Japan was reported among the best buyers in the South and has been fixing prices for futures but domestic mills were little interested.

July liquidation has been a drag on the market but notices were stocked by trade interests at slightly widening differences. Meanwhile there is inflationary talk based chiefly on the Government's huge spending programme.

On Saturday the Liverpool cotton futures market opened quiet but steady at a decline of 4 points with October 6.46 in sympathy with overnight decline in New York prices. The market was quiet with scattered buying and trade calling. There was absence of any selling prices improved 3 points from the opening level. Later on there was some local long liquidation but steady trade calling sustained prices and the market closed quiet at a net decline of 2 points. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 2 points to 6.41d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.
East Indian cotton futures market was quiet with a scattered liquidation. Prices closed at a decline of 2 points with July 5.18, October 5.13 and January 5.11.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Egyptian cotton futures market was easy on increased selling pressure. There was utter

absence of any support and Sakels futures closed at a decline of 5 points with spot cotton 9 points down at 8.28. Uppers futures were also easy and closed at a decline of 4 to 5 points with spot cotton 9 points at 6.94d.

DROUGHT & SHOWERS.
Messrs. Reynolds & Gibson state:—
The market has continued its upward movement during the past week and a fair advance has again to be recorded. The usual scarcity of contracts is still very much in evidence, and with the weather in the Cotton Belt being not altogether satisfactory, there are few who are prepared to supply the daily needs of the trade by selling short, and offerings of actual are light, whilst, if anything, there has been a slight increase in speculative "bullish" activity which has only been supplied with some difficulty. Yesterday marked the only reaction from the rise, as reports became current of needed rainfall in the Western Belt. This led, naturally, to some profit-taking, and stop-loss orders were caught, but as soon as this selling was absorbed, and with no real confirmation of substantial moisture in Texas, values quickly recovered and closed at the best of the day. With further crop complaints to-day the tone is distinctly firm and, at the time of writing, prices are again higher.

When considering the progress of the crop it must not be forgotten that unfavourable conditions in June are by no means as serious a feature as they would be at the end of July, since a change to a more satisfactory state of affairs would quickly make up any damage. At the same time, the continuance of the drought in Texas and the daily showers in the Eastern Belt, would soon lay the foundation of a scare, as opinion is distinctly apprehensive after the recent occurrences in the wheat belt, and there are also reports of the appearance of boll-weep at numerous points. Altogether, there are, therefore, various factors in the crop situation which may easily develop quickly in favour of the "Bull," whatever the ultimate result may be.

YIELD & PRICES.
The "Manchester Guardian Commercial" states:—
"In looking at the average cotton price for next season the major factor which will determine it will, as always, be the financial return per acre to the cotton farmer. Thus the price of cotton will be inversely proportional to the yield in pounds per acre irrespective of the gross production. The fact that production might might range from 8,000,000 bales to 12,000,000 bales does not matter so much as whether the yield per acre is 150 pounds or 200 pounds. On the latter figures will the price be determined."

PRIVATE CABLES.
N.Y. October highest (10.1 a.m.) 12.48+13
N.Y. October Lowest (11.47 a.m.) 12.40+05
Liverpool October Highest (11.20 a.m.) 5.49-01
Liverpool October Lowest (11.20 a.m.) 5.46-04
Messrs. Sarupchand Prithiraj have received the following cables:—
Liverpool.—Continuance of present hot weather in West would cause serious situation but since too early yet for serious damage, good rains would entirely change outlook: purchase now are gamble on weather but would not sell short.
New York.—Expect trading market pending U. S. Bureau's acreage report; prefer buying on decline only.
Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cable:—
Their Liverpool Agents, cabled as under:—
9.15 a.m.—Excessive heat continues. Heavy rains Alabama. Forecast: Texas generally fair; all balance of entire belt partly cloudy.

DAILY WEATHER OVER U. S. COTTON BELT

East.—Generally fair on Saturday with scattered thunder showers; Central partly cloudy; Louisiana generally fair on Saturday partly cloudy local thunder showers.
West.—Partly cloudy; Texas generally fair.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, June 30. Messrs. Batilvala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—
Amer. Power and Light Com. 7
Amer. Power and Light P. A. 17 1/2
Amer. Power Power Com. 8
Amer. Power Power Gold D. 51
Amer. Power Power 7 p.c. P. 20
Electric Bond Common 15
Electric Bond 5 dol. Pfd. 44
Consolidated Gas 33
Columbia Gas 14
American Tel. & Tel. 112
Western Union Tel. 47
Radio Corp. 27
Chesapeake & Ohio 47
New York Central 28 3/4
Baltimore & Ohio R. R. 24
Erie R. R. 19
Pennsylvania R. R. 19
Union Pacific R. R. 123
Great North Pfd. 21
National Distillers 24
Hiram Walker 36
Distillers Secram 16
Amr. Tobacco B. 75
DuPont de Nemours 88
Continental Oil 19
Goodrich Rubber 13
Montgomery Ward 27
Bethlehem Steel 33
United States Steel 38 3/4
American Smelting 26
Int. Nickel of Canada 42
Anacostia Copper Mining 14 3/4
Kennebec Copper 22
Cerro de Pasco Copper 42
International Harvester 30
Ford Motors of Canada "A" 33
General Motors 31
Packard Motor 20
General Electric 40
St. Oil of N. J. 44
Phillips Petrol 12

HOLIDAY IN NEW YORK

The New York Cotton Exchange and the New York Stock Exchange will remain closed on Wednesday the 4th July.

Mid. Con. Petroleum 13
Atlantic Refining 25
Sooey 15 3/4
Plymouth Oil 12
American Radiator 14
Eaton Mfg. 26
Chase Bank 26 1/4
National City Bank 380
Sun Life of Canada 465.4
Colonese Corp. of Amr. 32
General Foods 11
National Dairy 11
Remington Rand 18
Alaska Juneau 24
Amr. Locomotive 14
Canadian Pacific 14
Market stagnant pending 4th July Holiday. Total business 1/2 million. Anacostia 14 5/8, U. S. Steel 38 5/8, G. Motors 30 7/8, Nickel 26, Chase Bank 26, City Bank 28 1/4, Socony 15 5/8, N. Y. Central 28 5/8, W. U. Tel. 45.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Straddle Differences
New York—Liverpool New York October 120 at Cross Rate 5.04 1/2.
Bombay—Liverpool—Broach J.A. 207/8—Liverpool July 6.45 Rs. 76 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay—Liverpool—Broach A.M. 1935 215/8—Liverpool May 1935 6.44 Rs. 64 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay—New York—Broach J.A. 207/8—New York July 12.22 Rs. 61 1/4 at Cross Rate 5.04 1/2.
Bombay—New York—Broach A.M. 1935 215/8—New York May 12.82 Rs. 66 1/4 at Cross Rate 5.04 1/2.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, July 30. Highest 209 1/4; Lowest 208; Closing 208 1/2.
Broach A.M. 1935 Op. 215 3/4; Highest 216 1/2; Lowest 215 1/2; Closing 216 1/4.
Omra July Op. 187; Highest 187 1/2; Lowest 187; Closing 187 1/2.
Omra D.J. Op. 189; Highest 189 3/4; Lowest 189; Closing 189 3/4.
Bengal July Op. 133 3/4; Highest 133 3/4; Lowest 133 1/2; Closing 133 1/2.
Bengal D.J. Op. 143 1/4; Highest 143 1/4; Lowest 143 1/4; Closing 143 1/2.
Teji-Mandi for Broach A.M. 1935 Rs. 217-34 Rs. 8

COTTON ARRIVALS

Bales.
Receipts into Bombay 29th June 6,413
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1933 2,238,003
Receipts into Bombay same time last season 2,233,061
Decrease -95,038

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, July 2. The local silver market ruled quiet to-day on scattered long liquidation. Prices for Ashad delivery opened at Rs. 88/3 and declined to Rs. 88/1/6. At this level there was some enquiry which rallied prices to Rs. 88/4 but the market was again dull. Shanghai market was closed to-day. The gold market was steady with a limited business and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.
Ready Silver 58 1 0
1st Settlement 58 1 0
2nd Settlement 58 3 0
Ready Gold 54 3 8
1st Settlement 54 3 8
2nd Settlement 54 1 6

THE STATE OF TRADE

Bombay, July 2. Following is the summary of the principal local markets:—
MONEY.—Market Easy—Call Money rate one per cent.
SECURITIES.—Market overvalued—London advices steady—Scarcity of offerings, Bears expected to cover—Undertone good—Prices likely to improve.
SHARES.—Very steady session—Active covering and Bull support—Tata Steel shares display good undertone—Mills shares steady—Bombay Burmas active with good demand—Cements improved demand.

COTTON.—Reports of rain in Western Union weak—Long liquidation—Absence of any buying—Liverpool opening cables weak—Fall of 8 points—Our cable states scattered showers in Texas.
GOLD & SILVER.—Market steady with a good enquiry—China markets closed—Some speculative support in Silver—Gold steady—Moderate enquiry on improvement in Dollar.
LINSEED AND WHEAT.—Good demand for Spot and Forward Linseed from exporters. Local speculators Bearish—Bears offering freely—Wheat market dull—Narrow trading session.
SEEDS.—Castorseed weak—Few buyers—Long liquidation—Cotton steady—Small selling—Groundnuts narrow trading market—Present prices low enough.

TEJI-MUNDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, July 2.
Broach A.M. 30 8 0
Silver Ashad 1 6 0
Silver Shrivani 2 4 0
Gold Ashad 0 5 0
Gold Shrivani 0 10 0
Linseed Sept. 0 6 0
Linseed May 0 14 0
Wheat Sept. 0 6 0
Wheat May 0 6 0
Castorseed Sept. 1 4 0
Groundnuts Aug. 1 0 0

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay, July 2. To-day.
Broach J/A 2800
Bengal July 2800
Omra July 290

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay, July 2.
Linseed Sept. 6 14 6
Linseed May 6 10 6
Wheat September 4 5 9
Wheat May 4 3 6

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, June 30.
July 14.05 plus 02
August 14.24 plus 04
September 14.34 plus 02

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, July 2.
July 6.59 5/8 - 1/2c
September 0.90 3/8 - 3/8c
December 0.91 3/4 - 3/8c

WEEKLY SHARE FLUCTUATIONS

Below we give weekly fluctuations in shares values for the week ending Saturday June 30:—
Names Highest Lowest
Central India 725 716.4
Century 237.8 228.2
Nagpur 218.12 209.6
Swadeshi 168.12 155
Rohinton 139.12 133.2
Tata Ind. 72 14 63.4
Tata Def 350 232.8
Tata Hydro 141.9 140.10
Tata Power 1130 1093.12
Andhra Ord. 1415 1385
B. Burma 465.4 432.8
I. Cement 392.8 376.4
Alcock 178.12 175
B. Steam 238.10 280
Bundl 29.2 28.7

SEES TRADERS' ASSOCIATION

Bombay, July 2. Castorseed September delivery: Opening Rs. 25/12; Highest Rs. 25/12/6; Lowest Rs. 25/8; Closing Rs. 25/12/6.
Castorseed May delivery: Opening Rs. 26/1/6; Highest Rs. 26/6/6; Lowest Rs. 26/1/6; Closing Rs. 26/2/6.
Cottonseed January delivery: Opening Rs. 16/10; Highest Rs. 16/11; Closing Rs. 16/9.
Groundnut seeds August delivery: Opening Rs. 22/5/6; Highest Rs. 22/7/7; Closing Rs. 22/4.
Groundnut seeds February: Opening Rs. 24/3/6; Highest Rs. 24/5/6; Closing Rs. 24/1/6.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, July 2. Khandesh 188 bales.
Central India 199 bales.
Berar 1,037 bales.
Central Provinces 1,024 bales.
Dhollera 99 bales.
N.W. Provinces 107 bales.
Rajputana 523 bales.
Sind-Punjab 107 bales.
Coimbatore-Dharwar 108 bales.
Tinnevely and Cambodia 9 bales.
East Africans 5,213 bales.
Total Cotton 11,519 cwts.
Wheat 3,490 cwts.
Linseed 76 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustard-seeds 230 cwts.
Gingellyseed 1,415 cwts.
Groundnuts 316 cwts.
Castorseed 30,909 cwts.
Rice 762 cwts.
Mottorseed 139 cwts.
Cottonseed 871 cwts.
Gram 13 cwts.
Ready Gold 183 cwts.
Baire 945 tons.
Coal

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 2. Yesterday Indore quotations being low as a result of private reports of scattered showers in Texas, the local cotton market ruled quiet to-day. The market opened to-day for Broach A.M. delivery at Rs. 214/12 and prices after declining to Rs. 214/8 advanced to Rs. 215/4 on local short covering. At the advance there was absence of any buying and prices ruled easy on long liquidation.

Pending the American cotton acreage report which is due on Monday next, the local market is likely to remain dull with irregular trading. Local prices are attractive. To-day no tenders were issued against Broach J.A. Contract while 2,000 Bales were tendered against Bengal July delivery.

Liverpool market was due to open one point down but opened easy and was quoted 8 points down which had a depressing effect on prices in the local market which closed at 5-30 p.m.

READY COTTON SALES

Bombay, July 2.
100 Mithabhai Nathoo Hansi 2 on
100 Narsi Naghi Malkapur 182
100 Narsi Naghi Chopda Umur: Rate
102 A Damodar Shegaon 180 3/4
72 G G Kesha and Co Burwaha 3 on
96 G G Kesha and Co Arvi 189 1/4
108 G G Kesha and Co Parur 181
89 G G Kesha and Co Burwaha 189
100 G G Kesha and Co Arvi 190
63 G G Kesha and Co Jalna 181
108 G G Kesha and Co Salu 3 off
78 Brel and Co Katol 6 on
100 Motiram Vaghi Khandwa old 177
90 Oshman Suleman Jamer 5 1/2 off

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, July 2.
Bengal Superfine 140/42
Bengal Fine 137/39
Bengal F.G. 133/35
Sindh-Punjab Fine 137/39
Sindh-Punjab F.G. 133/35
Wardha-Hing 106/108
Nagpur Sarnar 196/198
Pundhurna 189/91
Yeotmal 189/90
Avel 188/89
Ellichpur 188/89
Amraoti-Berar 184/86
Khamgaon 179/81
Mulkapur 176/78
Jalna/Salu 177/79
Burwaha Sarnar 178/80
Broach Fine 211/13
Punjab/American 217/22
Candia 209/12
Miraj/Sangli 207/12
Compta Good 212/17
Bagalkot 197/192
Karnappa 338
Busaga 335
Jilga 339
Manza 335

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, July 2. Since 1st Sept.
In full-pressed Bales. 30-6-34 This year.
Khandesh 188 274,333
Central India 199 219,814
Berar and Nagar 174,098
Hyderabad-Garani 48,774
Berar 1,037 441,246
Central Provinces 20 109,971
Total Omras 1,444 1,262,436
Dholera 1,924 117,961
N.W. Provinces 99 9,983
Rajputana 167 54,412
Sind-Punjab 511 173,973
Broach 329,827
Coimbatore and Dharwar 523 54,269
Western-Northern 107 36,344
Cocoanada 326
Tinnevely & Cambodia 103 31,443
Persian 25,379
American 35 148,124
Camilla, Burma and other 28
sorts 5,213 2,243,216
Total 5,213 2,243,216

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

1st Sept. to 29th June
In full-pressed Bales. 30-6-34 This year.
Europe 5,764 882,950
Japan & China 300 16,590
Coast Ports 300 16,590
U-convoy by Rail 109,335
Afloat in harbour for Europe 57,144
China & Japan 6,064 1,415,008
Total 6,064 1,415,008

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, July 2. Extra
Springs Sup Fine FG Good
M G—U P
Bengal—A.M. 222 219 217 215
Punjab—A.M. 138 135 133 128
Rajputana 202 189 187 183
Omra No. 3 195 202 200 196
C P No. 1 198 195 193 189
C P No. 2 222 219 217 215
Punjab—A.M. 274 271 268 265
Surat 272 269 266 263
Rajpipla 276 273 270 267
Navsari

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales 1933-34 1932-33
Receipts to date 753,000 863,000
30-6-34
Receipts yesterday 5,000 7,000
Exports to date 30-6-34 753,000 783,000
Stock at Port 29-6-34 256,000 347,000
Stock at Interior
Towns 29-6-34 122,000 134,000
Stock at Liverpool 29-6-34 99,000 78,000
Visible Supply 29-6-34 573,000 704,000
Quantity in Sight
29-6-34 119,700 134,100
Quantity out of Sight 29-6-34 127,500 130,900

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, June 30.
July 5 1/4 - 1/4d
October 59 1/4 - 5/8d
December 61 1/2 - 1/8d
May 63 2/8 - 1/8d

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Steady Undertone With Mostly "Budli" Business

MILLS AND POWER SHARES IN DEMAND

Bombay, July 2. After rapid and wide fluctuations during the last week, Tata Steel shares ruled steady to-day with a fair turnover. Some Bear operators tried to force down prices but the offerings were well absorbed and the undertone was decidedly good: Present prices are considered reasonable and the market being sold-out, there is no reason for any decline in Steel shares.

There was a fairly good enquiry for cotton mills shares. Bombay Dyeings particularly attracted buyers and prices registered a small rise of about Rs. 6. Century and Central India Mill shares were also in moderate demand.

Hydro-Electric shares also fared well to-day with a better enquiry. To day being the last day for evening up open interest, there was mostly "budli" business and reasonable differences indicate absence of any weak long interest in the market. Thus the technical situation of the market being healthy, on favourable development, there will be steady improvement in values.

Later on the market displayed good tone with improved buying. Bear operators were covering a portion of their unprotected short interest which in conjunction with Bull support resulted in a steady advance in Tata Steel Defds, which closed at Rs. 180/10 and Ordinary shares at Rs. 69/10.

Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 721 and after advancing to Rs. 730 closed at Rs. 729/4. Tata Power shares opened at Rs. 1,117 and closed at Rs. 1,125. Tata Steel Def. opened at Rs. 262 and declined to Rs. 257 on Bear pressure. Later on prices rose to Rs. 270 but after declining to Rs. 263, closed firm at Rs. 280. Tata Steel ordinary shares opened at Rs. 68/2 and after declining to Rs. 67/6 closed at Rs. 69/10. Bombay Burma shares opened at Rs. 450 and after declining Rs. 4 from the opening level closed very steady at Rs. 461/4. Indian Cement shares closed at Rs. 387/8. Andhra shares improved to Rs. 1,410 and Alcock closed at Rs. 178/12.

TEXTILE MILLS

Bombay July 2. Rs. As.
100 Ahm. Advance 234 6
500 Bom. Cotton 20 0
250 Bom. Dyeing 726 4
250 Bradbury 100 0
100 Century 234 0
100 Central India 215 10
100 Colaba 85 10
100 Coorla 90 0
100 Crescent 7 4
250 Currum 5 0
230 David 337 8
250 Dawn 847 8
1 E. D. Sassoor 0-1-9
100 Elphinstone 0-12-0
100 Finlay 80 0
1000 Framji Petit 95 0
100 Gokak 129 6
100 Hindustan 1705 0
100 Indore 91 4
50 Kastoorchand 0 8
100 Khatau 63 2
100 Kohinor 135 0
250 Laxmi 703 12
100 Madhwal 4 0
250 Madras United 1325 0
250 Model 48 8
50 Mysore 39 0
200 New Great 117 0
100 Oosmanshahi 59 0
100 Phoenix 263 2
25 Sassoon Silk 30 0
1000 Sholapur 2900 0
50 Simplex 73 12
100 Swadeshi 160 10
100 Swan 37 8
25 Tata 9 12
50 Vishnu 1357 8
1000 Western 725 0

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**JUPITER
GENERAL**

has a net work of agencies throughout the country.

J7

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1912

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JULY 3, 1934

**JUPITER
GENERAL**

has claim settling agents throughout the world.

J8

Wording Of The Warrant

HORNIMAN'S SEARCHING CROSS-EXAMINATION

Deputy-Inspector Karnik In Witness Box

"Let me assure the Police Prosecutor that I am not in the least troubled over this case and that everything is going on nicely so far as I am concerned" was the retort given by Mr. B. G. Horniman in a passage-at-arms with Mr. W. K. Mankar, Police Prosecutor, during the hearing of the case in which Mr. Horniman and 123 others stand charged with being found in a common gaming House at Old Sutta Gulli, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Monday.

Deputy Inspector Karnik who carried out the raid on the night of April 28 last was further cross-examined by Mr. Horniman.

The police officer admitted that Vithalwadi, a place mentioned in the warrant was not shown in the plan of Old Sutta Gulli submitted to the court. The plan showed a place named Telwadi as coming within the operation of the warrant but that place was not mentioned in the warrant.

At the outset Mr. Horniman on behalf of himself and the other accused expressed appreciation at the Magistrate's having given his off day for the hearing of the case.

Deputy Inspector Karnik was then further cross-examined by Mr. Horniman with regard to the cordons that were put up by the witness prior to the raid. The witness said that he instructed Sub-Inspector Desai to go into the lane to the other end with his men and at 9.55 p.m. he entered the lane and put up a cordon at place "a". He admitted that at about 9.50 p.m. he gave orders to Sub-Inspector Desai to put a cordon at place "b".

Mr. Horniman: At what time did Mr. Raju tell you to wait before carrying out the raid: I think it must have been at 9.50 p.m.

Mr. Karnik I think it was at 9.45 p.m.

Mr. Horniman: You told us that Mr. Raju came there and you told him that you had information that a European gentleman, believed to be Mr. Horniman was in the lane and he told you to wait. Then, according to you Mr. Raju came there after five minutes and asked you to proceed with the raid. If the raid was carried out at 9.55 p.m. then I suggest that Mr. Raju came there at 9.50 p.m.

The witness repeated his previous answer but added that at 9.45 p.m. Inspector Raju gave him orders that he should wait no longer.

Mr. Horniman: And it took you five minutes to put those orders into execution?—Yes.

"ANK PARAK" GAMBLING.
Q—Among the exhibits you have put are some passes that you picked up from the ground?—Witness—Yes, two passes of the Indo-Foreign Cotton Association were found.

Q—Do you know anything about this Association?—A—I do not know.

Q—Do you know or have you heard that it is a gambling Association?—A—No.

Q—Do you know that gambling which has been held illegal by the High Court has been going on here?—No.

How long have you been in the Princes street section?—About three months now.

Up to now you have not heard anything about this Association?—I have heard nothing at all.

Were there any names on the passes that you found?—The Police Prosecutor said that one of the passes bore the name of Meshji an accused and a second bore the name of a Mohomedan named Karim.

Q—Were there only two passes found?—Yes.

Mr. Horniman then questioned the witness about the Warrant

on the strength of which the raid was carried out.

"READY MADE WARRANT."

Q—Do you know who was responsible for the wording of the Warrant?—The wordings in ink of the Warrant are mine. The signature is that of Deputy Commissioner Wilkins.

Q—Before the Deputy Commissioner heard the sworn information you had this warrant written out?—Yes.

Q—What I mean is it was a ready made warrant and Deputy Commissioner Wilkins had not to trouble himself at all. (Laughter.) You took the information before the Deputy Commissioner and you also took the Warrant which he signed?—Yes.

Who was your informant, I refuse to give his name.

Police Prosecutor—I object.

The Magistrate asked on what grounds the name was being withheld.

Mr. Mankar said under Section 125 of the Evidence Act.

Mr. Horniman: I think Mr. Mankar is wrong. I am not pressing the point now and will take this up with the next witness.

WORDING OF WARRANT READ.

Mr. Horniman then read the wording of the Warrant and asked witness to show from the plan of Old Sutta Gully, submitted to the court, Vithalwadi.

Witness pointed out Thelwadi shown in the plan and said that Vithalwadi was beyond that place.

Mr. Horniman: What I asked you was: Is there any Vithalwadi on the Plan?—No.

D you know to your knowledge that there is any Vithalwadi there?—Yes there is a Vithalwadi.

You put Vithalwadi in the warrant and you have not mentioned Telwadi it?—That is so.

You have not mentioned Telwadi in the Warrant but you have marked it on the plan?—Yes.

Vithalwadi is not marked on the plan but is mentioned in the Warrant?—Yes.

You say in the Warrant 'Up to the gate of the Indo-Foreign Cotton Association.' Why do you stop there?—Because there is a gate and an enclosed space.

You are quite entitled to raid an enclosed space?—Yes, but we had only information up to the gate.

WHAT IS FIFTEEN FEET?—You have already said that you knew nothing about the Indo-Foreign Cotton Association. Do you know anything about the East India Cotton Association or the Mahajan Cotton Association?—No, I have not heard of them.

Do you not think that as a Deputy Inspector you ought to know these places?—I have been in the section for a short time.

Mr. Horniman then read the wording in the warrant which said "about fifteen feet towards the small gate leading to Vithalwadi"

(Continued on page 8.)

SANATANISTS WANT REPEAL OF SARDA ACT

Calcutta Conference Urges Policy Of Non-Interference With Religion

CALCUTTA, July 2. At the concluding session yesterday of the All-Bengal Sanatanists Conference a resolution was passed condemning violent demonstrations if any at Poona in connection with Mahatma Gandhi's tour. The resolution also condemned the reprehensible propaganda which attributed the Poona incident to the Sanatanists.

The Communal Award also was condemned and characterised as "neither an award nor based on the principle of justice."

Resolutions criticising the Hindu Marriage Dissolution Bill and the Untouchability Abolition Bill and urging the repeal of the Sarda Act were passed.

The conference urged a policy of non-interference with religion and advocated the capture of legislature by Sanatanists.—A. P.

SANATANISTS CONDEMN POONA OUTRAGE

All Bengal Conference Protests Against Terrorism

CALCUTTA, July 2. The All Bengal Sanatanist Conference concluded yesterday, after adopting several resolutions condemning the Poona incident and expressing abhorrence of terrorism in any shape or form. Demanding the propaganda of attributing the blame for Poona incident to Sanatanists, and condemning the Communal Award.

The Conference also criticised the Hindu Marriage Dissolution Bill and the Untouchability Abolition Bill, and emphasised that the policy of non-interference with Religion and religious and social rites, was best calculated to preserve the Law and Order, and bring a feeling of security.—United Press.

"HARIJAN CAUSE HAS TRIUMPHED"

PATNA, July 2. Dr. Syed Mahmud, who arrived here yesterday, attends the meeting of the Managing Committee of the Bihar Central Relief Committee and the Provincial Congress Working Committee.

Asked by the "United Press" about the repeated attacks on Gandhiji's life he said:—

"The whole country has already condemned the madness of those who attack Mahatma Gandhi in one voice. These attacks clearly show that the Harijan cause has triumphed and the dying orthodox has no other arguments left but to adopt violent methods. But India will know how to answer it. In the eyes of millions of his countrymen, Gandhiji is the embodiment of truth and no force in the Universe can kill truth."—United Press.

SCOUT MASTER ON TOUR

AMRAOTI, June 30. The Chief Scout Organiser of the Hanuman Vyayam Mandal Amraoti, Mr. Mukund Rao Kagalkar, who has recently returned from Europe after attending the International Scout Jamboree held at Godollo in Hungary, has now finished his long tour in Gujarat, Central Maharashtra and Hindi C. P.

In the course of his tour he visited Baisad, Baroda, Thana, Bhivandi, Nasik, Dhulia, Jubbulpore, and Sonoli. At these places he visited a number of Vyayam Shalas conducted in direct co-operation with the Hanuman Vyayam Mandal and ran after the system of physical training it has promoted.

Mr. Kagalkar delivered lectures on the importance of correlating scouting and physical education before the students and teachers of the schools of various places and also narrated his experiences in other countries regarding the same.—United Press.

STATUTORY RAILWAY BILL

Govt. Decide Not To Introduce It At Simla Session Of Assembly

SIMLA, July 2. It is learnt that Government have definitely decided not to introduce the Statutory Railway Bill at the Simla Session.

It is believed that this decision has been influenced by the turn of events relating to Indian affairs in England, as the Secretary of State for India has been unable to give any definite direction due to further delay in publication of the Joint Select Committee's Report.

One direct result of the Government dropping the Railway Bill would be the hastening of the Session which has been particularly welcomed by the Assembly members present here in the light of Government's latest decision.

It is now anticipated that the session may be concluded in less than 6 weeks, as excepting the Navy Discipline Bill, other Official Bills are more or less of non-contentious nature.—United Press.

PROTECTION TO STEEL INDUSTRY

SIMLA, July 2. The Government of India have decided to bring in the forthcoming session of the Assembly the Bill incorporating recommendations of the Navy Discipline Protection by the Tariff Board.

It is not yet definitely known for what period the Protection has been recommended by the Tariff Board, but it is believed it will not be less than 5 years.

It will be remembered that the previous protection granted by the Government expired on March 31 last, but Government got the Bill passed in the Assembly extending the period of protection to October 31, this year, as Tariff Board to whom the case for further protection was referred to was not ready with its report before the expiry of that financial year.—United Press.

THREE PUNJABIS ARRESTED

CALCUTTA, July 2. Three Punjabis have been arrested in connection with the robbery in front of Sealdah Station. The Police also have traced the car, alleged to be used by the dacoits.

It will be recalled that several Punjabis, overpowering the up-country Durwans belonging to Gourpur Jute Mills, decamped with Rs. 32,000.—United Press.

ATTEMPT TO DERAIL TRAIN

Rangoon Passengers Have Narrow Escape

RANGOON, July 2. News has been received in Rangoon about an attempt made on Saturday to derail the Prome-Rangoon Passenger train near Okkan.

The driver it is stated noticed some vertical projections on the rails, stopped the train and discovered that some dog spikes had been removed from the nearby sleepers and wedged almost halfway into rail spaces.

After removing the obstacles, the train left for its station.—A. P.

BAN ON JAPANESE PIECEGOODS

TRIVANDRUM, June 28. Under the Travancore Sea Customs Regulation the Government of Travancore prohibit the import into Travancore of cotton piecegoods manufactured in Japan and containing more than ninety per cent of cotton unless they are covered by a certificate issued by or on behalf of the Department of Commerce and Industry. Japan authorising export to India.—A. P.

All-India Veeershaiva Mahasabha

(From A Correspondent) BAGALKOT, June 30. The meeting of the Standing Committee of the All India Veeershaiva Mahasabha is going to be held in the first week of August at Bagalkot.

The preliminary meeting was held here on June 29 to appoint the organisers for the coming meeting of the Sabha and Messrs. M. S. Jengin and Sabadi Somalingappa were appointed as organisers.

BIHAR P. C. C. MEETING

Candidates To Be Nominated After Consulting Local Opinion

(From Our Correspondent). PATNA, July 2. The question of the forthcoming Assembly Elections so far as the Congress is concerned was discussed at a meeting of the Working Committee of the Bihar Provincial Congress held last evening at Seth Jammalal Bajaj's residence, Mr. Srikrishna Sinha presiding.

With reference to the letter of Dr. B. C. Roy, Secretary of the All-India Parliamentary Board, it was resolved to nominate Dr. Syed Mahmud, Messrs. Anugrah Narain Sinha and Ramdayal Sinha to sit with the Selection Board in terms of the letters of Dr. Roy.

CANDIDATES FOR ASSEMBLY. The second portion of Dr. Roy's letter asking for the nomination of the names of possible candidates for the Assembly was then taken up at the meeting.

The Committee discussed various procedures whereby to consult local workers, before finally submitting the names to Dr. Roy.

The names of probable candidates were also considered at the meeting. The Committee, however decided to write to Dr. Roy that they would be able to submit names of candidates after July 22 when they would meet again to consider the question.

Babu Rajendra Prasad assured the Working Committee of his fullest co-operation, and Mr. Srikrishna Sinha was given authority to set up an office, to find funds, obtain applications from candidates and consult local workers before the final recommendations of the Committee were made.

CONSTRUCTIVE PROGRAMME. Regarding the launching of the constructive programme, in terms of the Bombay A.I.C.C. resolutions, it was decided that it must be postponed till the re-organisation of the Congress Committees was completed which must be made the main item of work for the two months.

Babu Rajendra Prasad is leaving this evening for his native village. He is likely to be back at Patna by 11th July.

WORKING COMMITTEE OF BIHAR CONGRESS

Three Persons Co-opted To Advise Parliamentary Board

PATNA, July 2. The Working Committee of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee met last night at 9. The Press was not allowed.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, Messrs. Bepinbehari Verma, Barrister, Muthari, Srikrishna Prasad Singh and Nirapada Mukherjee of Monghyr, Ramdayal Singh, Muzaffar, Krishna Ballav Sahay, Mathura Prasad, Secretary, also Dr. Syed Mahmud attended the meeting by invitation.

It was resolved that Mr. Anugraha Aryan, Mr. Singramdayal Singh and Dr. Syed Mahmud should be co-opted to advise the Congress Parliamentary Board.

By another resolution Mr. Baldevashaya was appointed to settle the differences between the two Congress Parties at Dalton-sargi.

Babu Rajendra Prasad and Dr. Syed Mahmud leave to-night for Chapra.—United Press.

SOCIALIST PARTY FOR GUJARAT

(From Our Correspondent). KURLA, July 2. Dr. B. S. Moonje paid a visit last week to the Vyayamshala, conducted by the "Jay Bajrang Sangh" at Kurla.

After the secretary acquainted the gathering with the gradual progress of the institution during the last three years, Dr. Moonje exhorted the audience to take more interest in the physical culture of boys and especially of girls, so that they might be citizens, physically fit to stand in the forefront of all national activities.

At a meeting of the Gujarat Congress Socialists held last evening it was resolved to form a Gujarat Congress Socialist Party with a view to organize the workers and peasants on the basis of class struggle.

At the end of the meeting, a statement was issued to the press criticising the resolution of the Congress working Committee regarding the policy and programme of the Congress Socialist Party.

It is pointed out in course of the statement that if the masses are to be liberated, the institution of capitalist private property must be ended and that class war does not necessarily mean violence.—A. P.

MONJE'S ADVICE TO BOYS & GIRLS

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MAHATMAJI AT BHAVNAGAR

Appeals To Workers And State To Improve The Deplorable Lot Of Harijans

BHAVNAGAR, July 1. Mahatma Gandhi this afternoon paid visits to Harijan and Bhangi quarters of the city and addressed a public meeting in the evening.

Exactly at 3 p.m. the Mahatma entered the Harijan Vas about two miles away from the town, accompanied by Mr. Abbas Tyabji, Mrs. Kasturba Gandhi and Sir Prabhashankar Pattani. After he was garlanded by a Harijan boy and girl and also by the Director of Education, Bhavnagar State, Mr. Balvantrai gave a brief account of work carried on, on behalf of Harijans. He emphasised that though there was a resolution of the State favouring the admission of Harijans to schools in the state, there was much difficulty in carrying it out, as far as Primary Schools were concerned.

ADVICE TO HARIJANS. Addressing the gathering Gandhiji observed that all the grievances mentioned appeared to be such as could be redressed by petitioning the State. He could only help by requesting the State authorities to help Harijan workers. The present condition of the Vas, he said, needed a change; it should be in better surroundings nearer the town. Addressing Harijans Mahatmaj said: "You should also improve your habits, abandon eating carrion and drinking liquor."

DEPLORABLE CONDITION. Leaving the Harijan Vas, Gandhiji and party motored to the Bhangi Vas, which was in as deplorable a condition as the Harijan Vas, particularly during the Monsoon. Mahatma Gandhi laid the foundation stone of new houses to be built by the Municipality for its Bhangi servants.

At 4.45 p.m. Gandhiji entered the Sanatan Dharma High School, where a public meeting attended by 10,000 people was held. It was a most orderly meeting, the audience listening in complete silence to him through loud-speakers.

HARIJAN SERVICE IN KATHIAWAD. Mr. Harilal Parekh described the work done for Harijans in Kathiawad. He said that Kathiawad would be able to give Rs. 30,000 instead of Rs.25,000 when Gandhiji left Kathiawad. The purse was then presented to the President of the Harijan Sevaks Sangha.

Mr. Manilal Kothari announced that a cable from Nanji Kalidas Sheth of Africa saying that Rs. 5,000 would be paid by him for the Chayya Harijan Ashram of Porbandhar when he came there.

GANDHIJI'S ADDRESS. Gandhiji then addressed the meeting and said: "If you want my congratulations for the Rs. 30,000, let me frankly tell you that I am not so much pleased as you are. I should expect three lakhs. I know the enterprising Kathiawari merchants. If you refer to the list, you will find that except Bhavnagar, other places have made poor contributions." Gandhiji then argued at length that untouchability as it was observed at the present day had no religious sanction. "So far I have

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met no Sanatani who can say that untouchability in its present form had religious sanction. When Sanatanists argue they forget the word present. I know nobody will touch a dirty drunken Harijan. If you want to see untouchability in the shape it has assumed at present, go to the Bhavnagar Bhangi Vas. I want to remove that kind of untouchability. "CHANGE THE HEARTS OF SANATANISTS."

"To Harijan workers I have a few words to say. Never run down a Sanatani. Always respect him. You will by this method make a change in his heart. If you abuse the Sanatani, you will make him an enemy.

Regarding temple entry I would make it clear that when a majority of the temple going public are in favour of entry, then and then only can I open the temples for Harijans. I have never said that even if the majority is against it temple entry should be allowed. The bill in the Assembly will have my support and will be acceptable to me only if the majority of the Hindu members are in favour of the bill.

It is said by many that I am trying to secure the votes of others than Hindus. Let me deny this.

"GO TO VILLAGES." "I have to ask Harijan workers not to be despondent. There is plenty of work for you. You may make your home in any of the villages of Kathiawar now, if you believe in removing untouchability."

Gandhiji then appealed for funds for the cause of volunteer workers and in response to his appeal, handfuls of copper and silver were collected, also a coconut brought by a farmer who laid at the feet of the Mahatma. Sir Prabhashankar Pattani bought the cocoanut for Rs. 5. Many other presents were given which were then auctioned and Rs. 200 realised.

According to Mahatma Gandhi's changed programme, he leaves Bhavnagar at 3 p.m. on Tuesday and reaches Wadhwan at 3 p.m. and addresses a public meeting.—A. P.

NO CHANGE IN TOUR PROGRAMME

LAHORE, June 28. Mahatma Gandhi has decided not to change his Punjab tour programme. The present programme is that Gandhiji should stay throughout the visit in Lahore, but the suggestion was telegraphed to him on behalf of a meeting of Harijan workers of the Punjab that he should also visit the Punjab districts.

A letter has now been received that Gandhiji does not agree to the latter proposal.—A. P.

MAHATMA TO VISIT PATNA ON AUG. 3

PATNA, June 3. It is understood that Mahatma Gandhi will pay another visit to Patna on August 3, with a view to attend the meeting of the Managing Committee of the Bihar Central Relief Committee, where in the budget of the Committee will be discussed.—United Press.

BAN ON PERSONS CONVICTED FOR C. D.

Mr. S. C. Mitra's Move To Enable Them To Contest Elections

SIMLA, June 2. Mr. S. C. Mitra, M.L.A., has given notice of a number of resolutions for the ensuing session of the Assembly asking Government to remove the ban on persons convicted of civil disobedience offences and sentenced to more than one year's imprisonment disabling them to stand as candidates for membership to legislatures; to release forthwith persons kept under confinement without trial for two years or more under Regulation 3 of 1918 or any other Act or Regulation; and to constitute an appeal Court to decide finally the release claims of soldiers disabled in—United Press.

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